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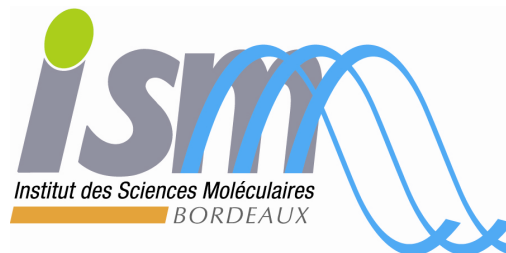


institut
universitaire
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Les Ellagitannins Des Polyphénols Bioactifs du Bois de Chêne au Vin

Stéphane Quideau, Ph.D., Prof.
Membre Sénior de l'IUF
Université de Bordeaux

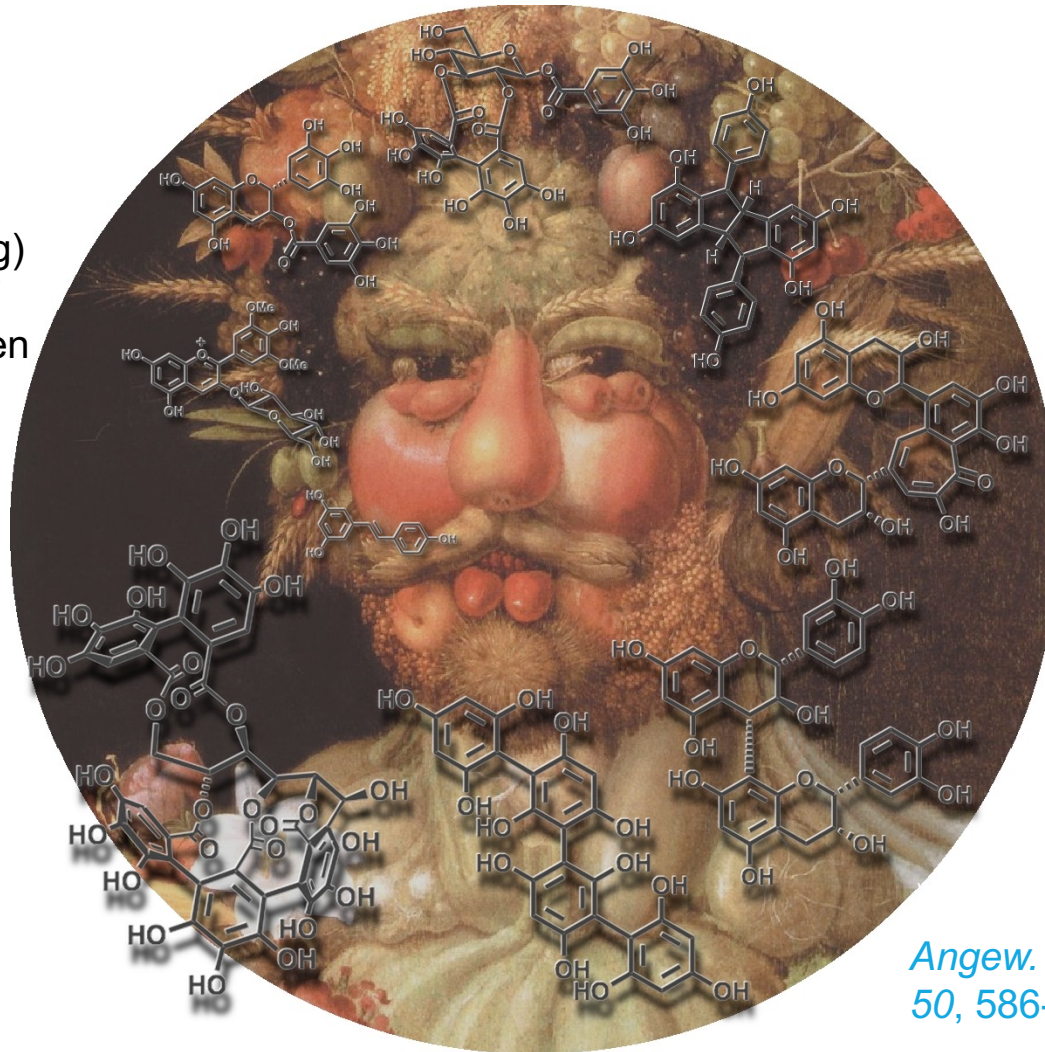
Institut des Sciences Moléculaires (UMR-CNRS 5255)
Talence, France



Plant Polyphenols

Natural Products with a Thousand of Virtues

Painting by Giuseppe Arcimboldo (1527-1593) representing a portrait of Rudolf II (Holy Roman Emperor, House of Habsburg) as Vertumnus (roman god of seasons, plant growth, garden and fruit trees) and made entirely of fruits, vegetables and flowers.



Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2011**,
50, 586-621

(Our) Definition: Polyphenols are plant secondary metabolites derived exclusively from the shikimate-derived phenylpropanoid and/or the polyketide pathway, featuring more than one phenolic ring and deprived of any nitrogen-based functional group in their most basic structural expressions.

A variety of structural classes

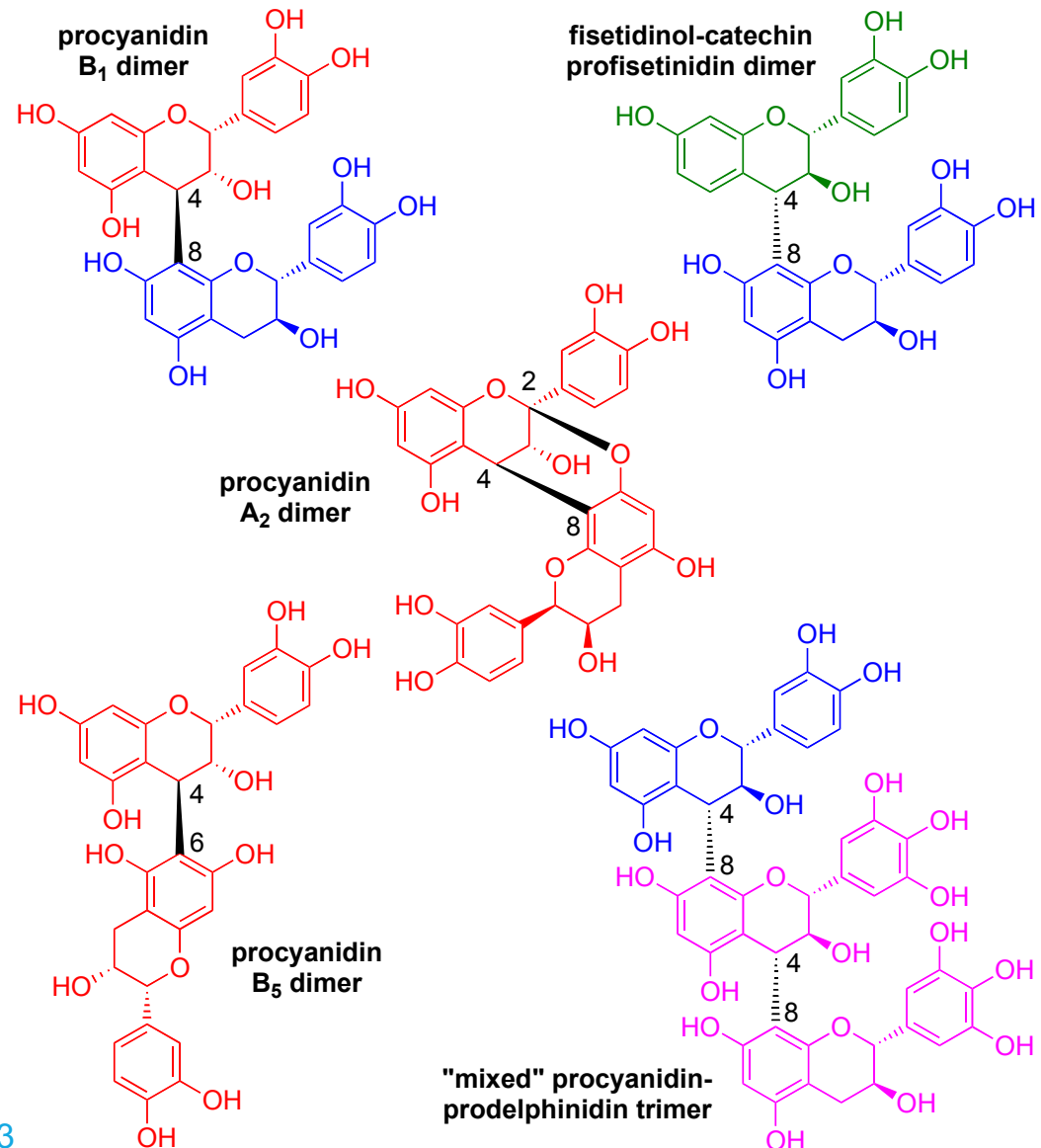
Proanthocyanidins (syn. condensed tannins)

Proanthocyanidins, such as procyanidins, prodelphinidins and profisetinidins, are derived from the oligo/polymerization of flavan-3-ol units such as **epicatechin**, **catechin**, **fisetidinol** and **gallocatechin**.

These flavan-3-ol units are linked principally through their 4 and 8 positions. Oligomers containing two to five or six units are water soluble. Higher oligomers and polymers are insoluble.

Procyanidins and prodelphinidins are the most commonly found types of proanthocyanidins.

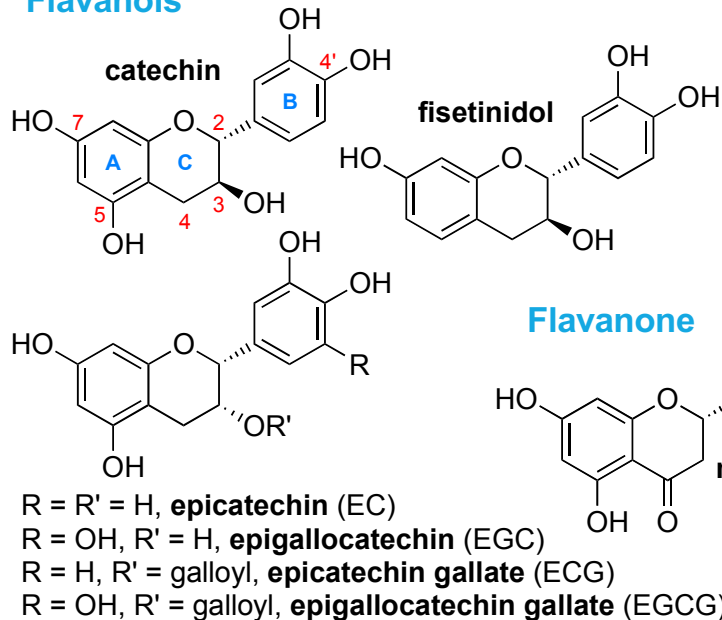
These polyphenols occur in both dicotyledonous and monocotyledonous angiosperms (flowering plants) and are of universal occurrence in gymnosperms and pteridophytes.



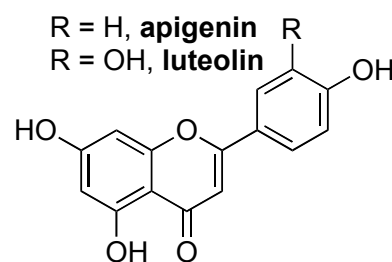
Flavo/flavanoids

Many other simpler plant phenolics can be defined as “true” plant polyphenols as long as they feature at least two phenolic moieties in agreement with our (bio)chemically based definition of plant polyphenols. Among those are the numerous (more than 8000 structures) flavo/flavanoids, which are all derived from the phenylpropanoid/polyketide hybrid biosynthetic pathway.

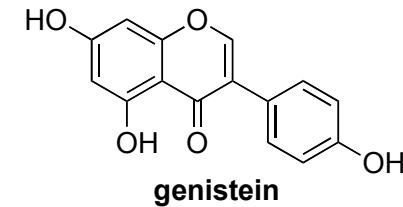
Flavanols



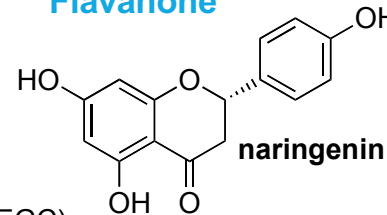
Flavones



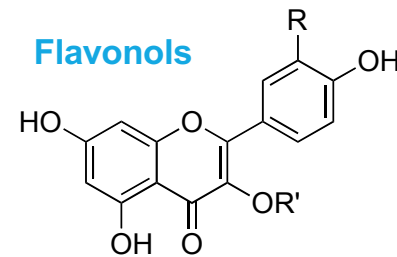
Isoflavone



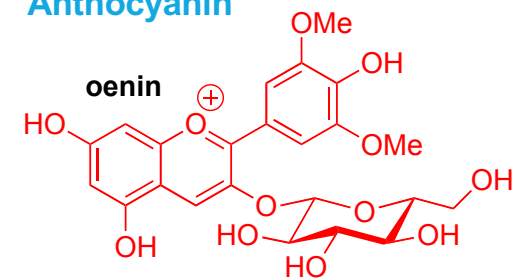
Flavanone



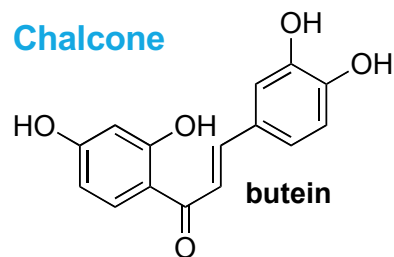
Flavonols



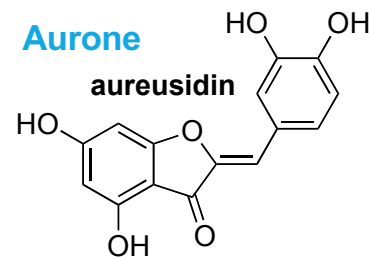
Anthocyanin



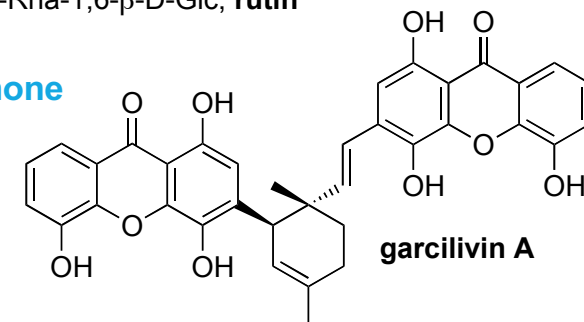
Chalcone



Aurone



Xanthone



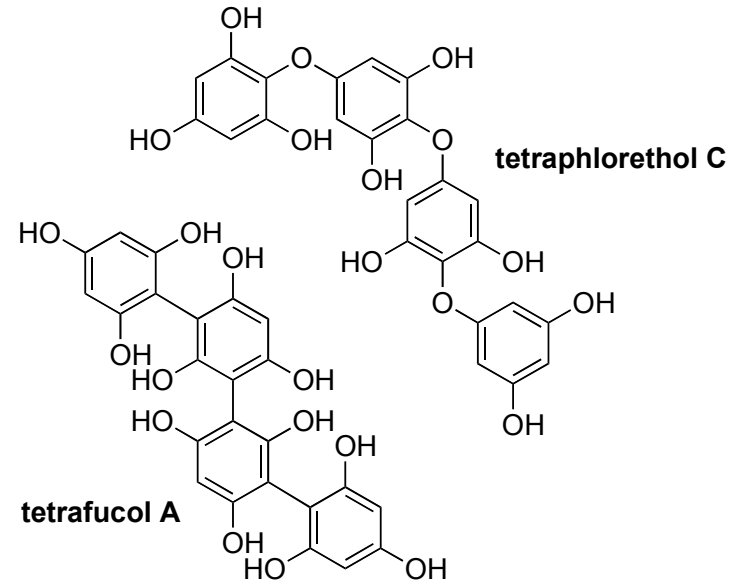
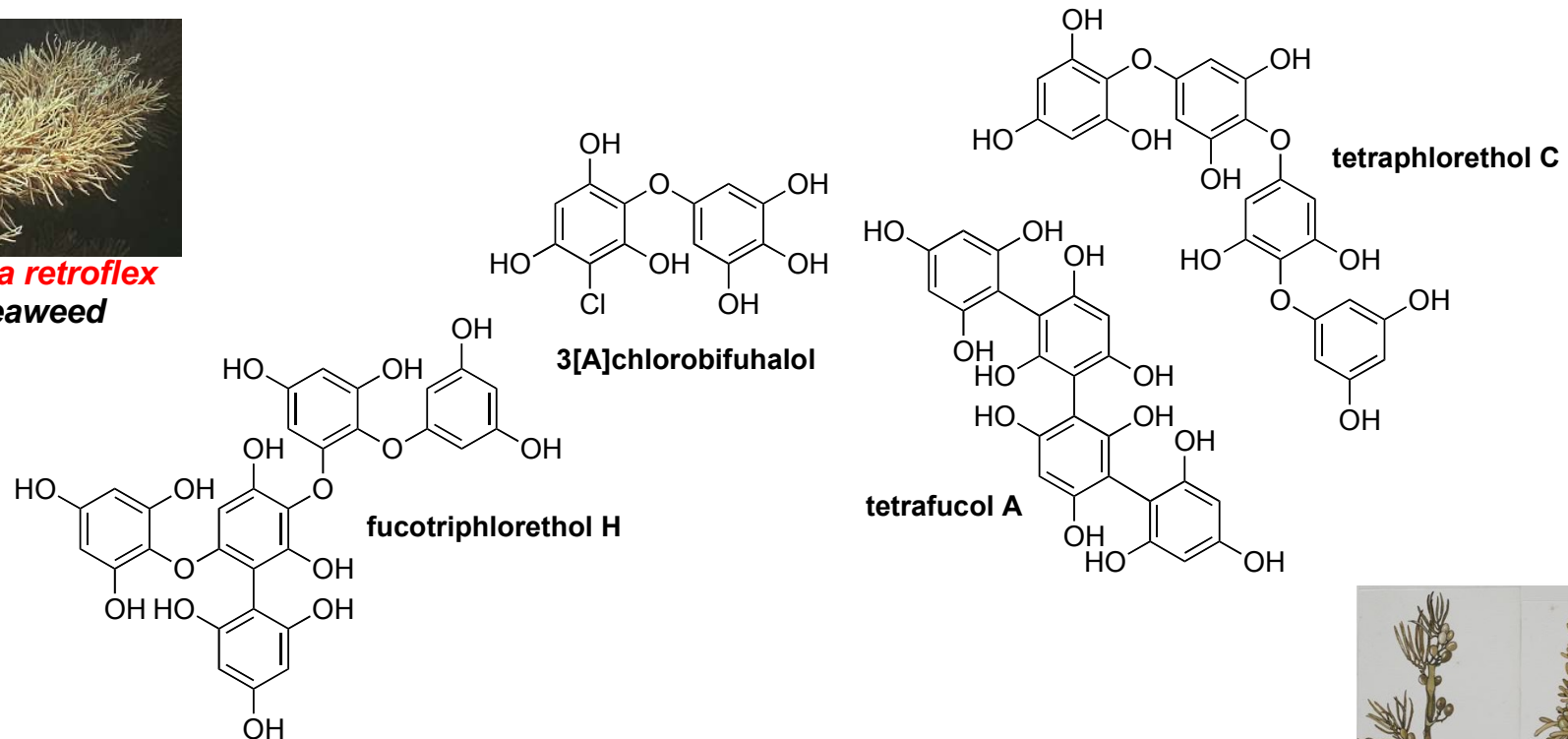
Phlorotannins

These polyphenols are isolated from several genera of red and brown algae.

Their building unit is phloroglucinol (1,3,5-trihydroxybenzene). The oligomerization of this simple phenol by oxidative coupling processes leads to various structures featuring C–C biaryl and C–O diaryl ether bonds.



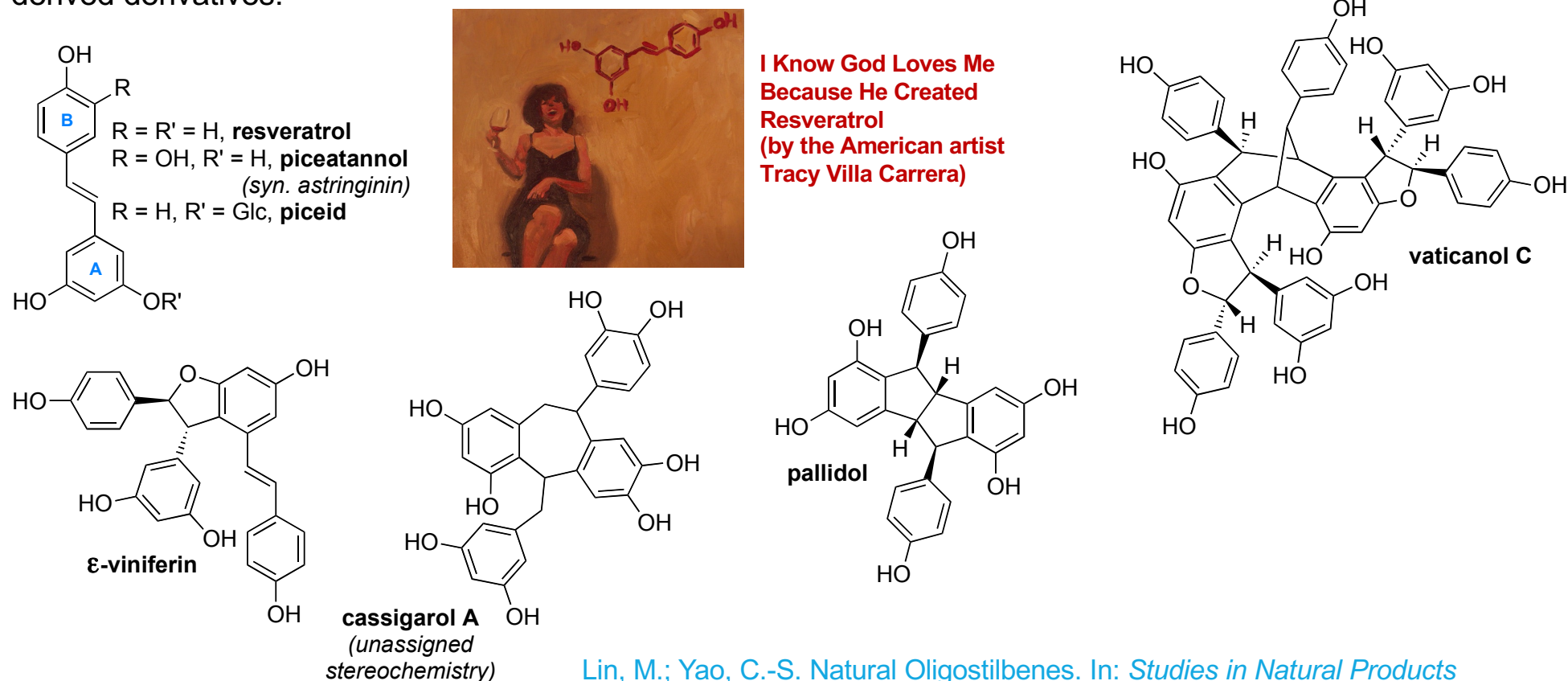
Cystophora retroflex
a brown seaweed



Polyhydroxystilbenoids

The hybrid phenylpropanoid/polyketide metabolic pathway also leads to another important class of polyphenolic substances, the **polyhydroxystilbenes**. The most famous example of which is without a doubt the phytoalexin **trans-resveratrol** (3,5,4'-trihydroxy-*trans*-stilbene). In recent years, this compound has been the focus of much scientific attention and media exposure – « **resveratrol buzz** » – following its biological evaluation as a cancer chemopreventing agent and as an activator of « longevity » proteins called sirtuins, and because of its presence in **red wine**.

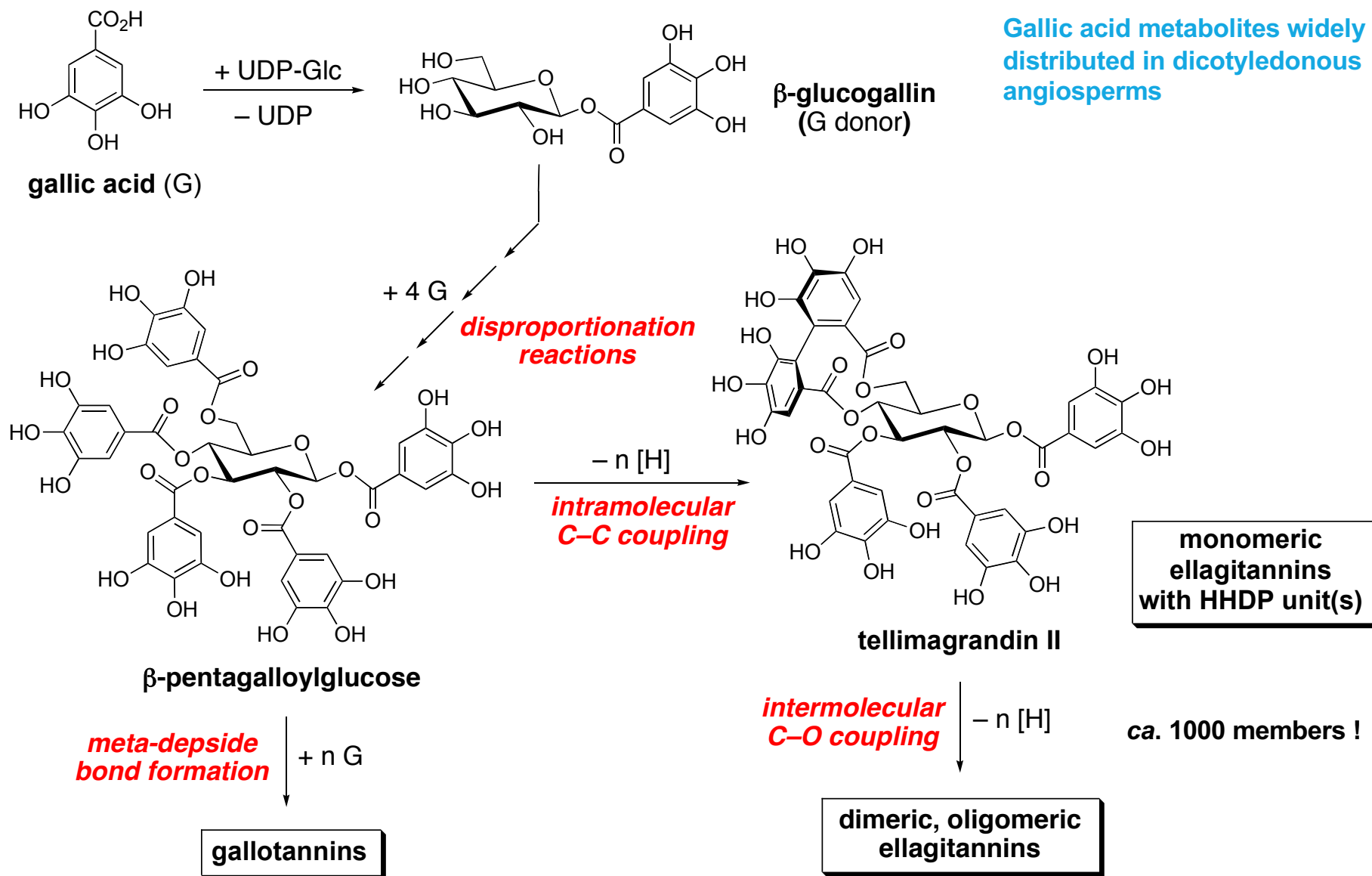
Phenolic oxidative coupling reactions initiate other chemical transformations leading to numerous resveratrol-derived derivatives.



Lin, M.; Yao, C.-S. Natural Oligostilbenes. In: *Studies in Natural Products Chemistry*, Vol. 33, Atta-ur-Rahman (Ed.); Elsevier: Amsterdam, 2006, pp. 601-644
Nicotra, S. et al. *Tetrahedron* 2004, 60, 595-600

Gallo- and Ellagitannins (hydrolyzable tannins)

Gallic acid metabolites widely distributed in dicotyledonous angiosperms



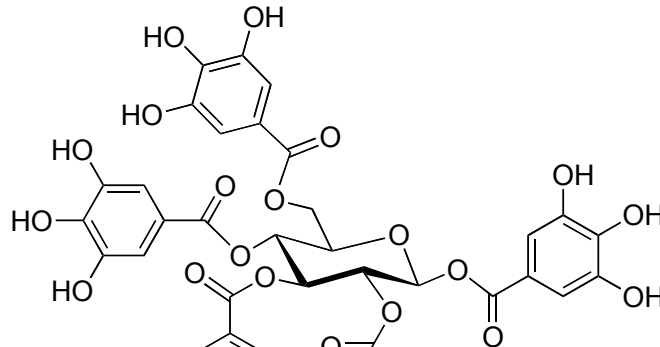
Gallotannins



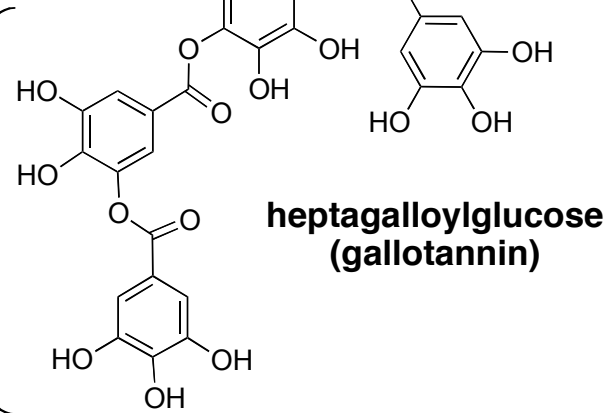
Sumac gallnuts



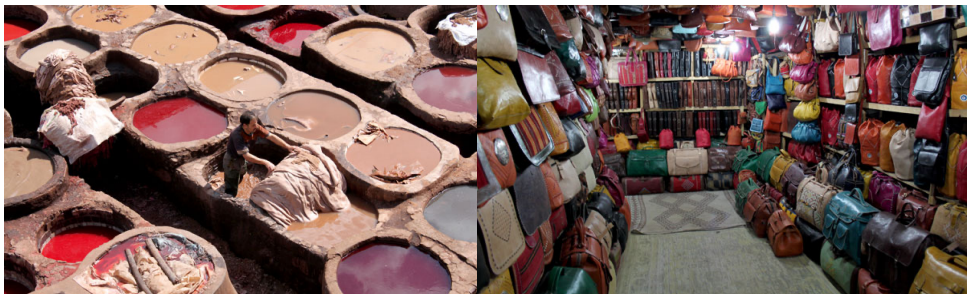
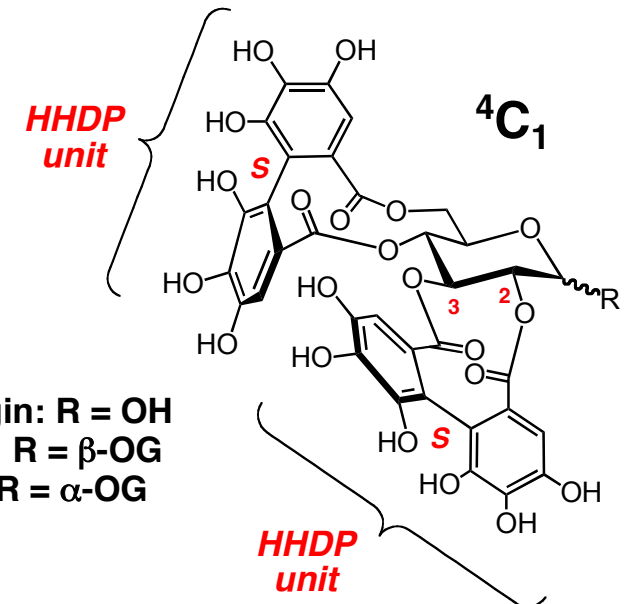
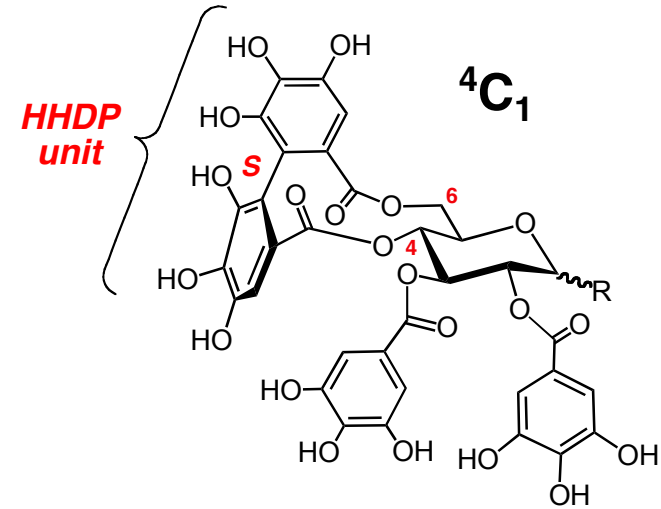
Oak gallnuts



meta-depsidically linked galloyl units



Monomeric Ellagitannins



Leather tanning in Morocco (Fes)

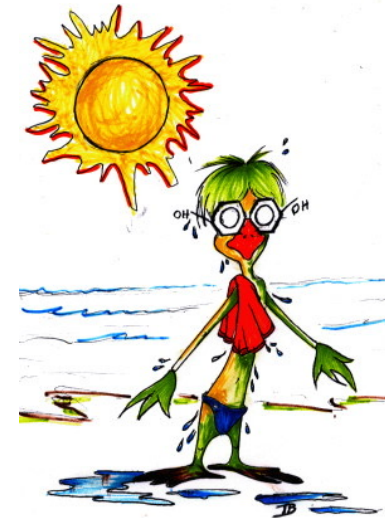
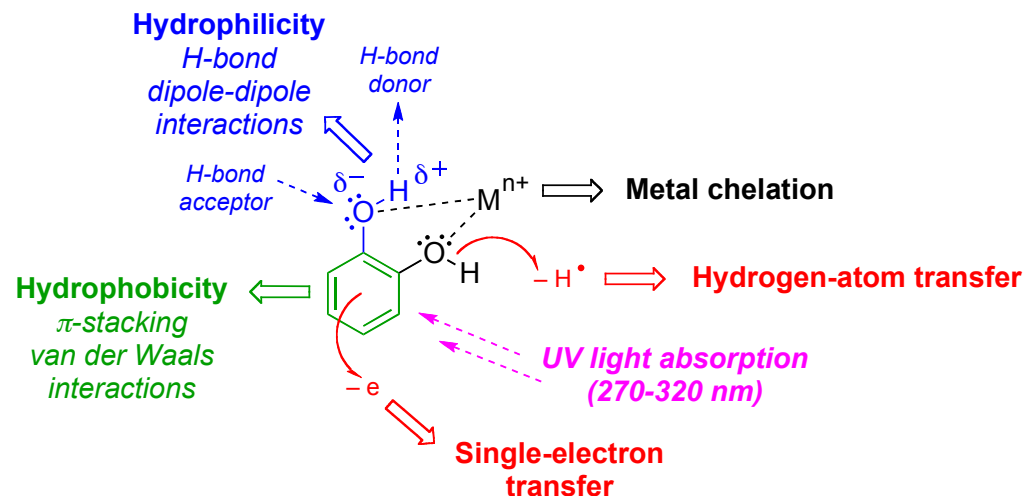
Why bother with plant polyphenols ?

Plant polyphenols exhibit a wide range of bio-physicochemical properties. They are consequently very versatile in their actions as **specialized metabolites** and have been shown to play diverse functional roles in **plant resistance**, from protection against animal herbivores and microbial pathogens to **protection against solar radiation**, in **plant nutrition**, **reproduction** and **growth**.

Present in many fruits and vegetables, they do impact the nutritional and organoleptic qualities of foods, feeds and beverages derived from these plant products...

... and are often claimed to act as natural (and dietary) chemopreventive agents against age-related cardiovascular, cancer and neurodegenerative human diseases, as well as metabolic disorders such as diabetes.

The origin of the impressive panoply of biological effects that have been attributed to various plant polyphenols acting, for example, as **antifeeding**, **antibiotic**, **antiviral**, **antitumor**, **anti-inflammatory**, **antifibrillogenic**, and **antioxidant agents**, as well as **UV light screens**, can be tracked down to the inherent fundamental physicochemical properties of the phenolic functional group...



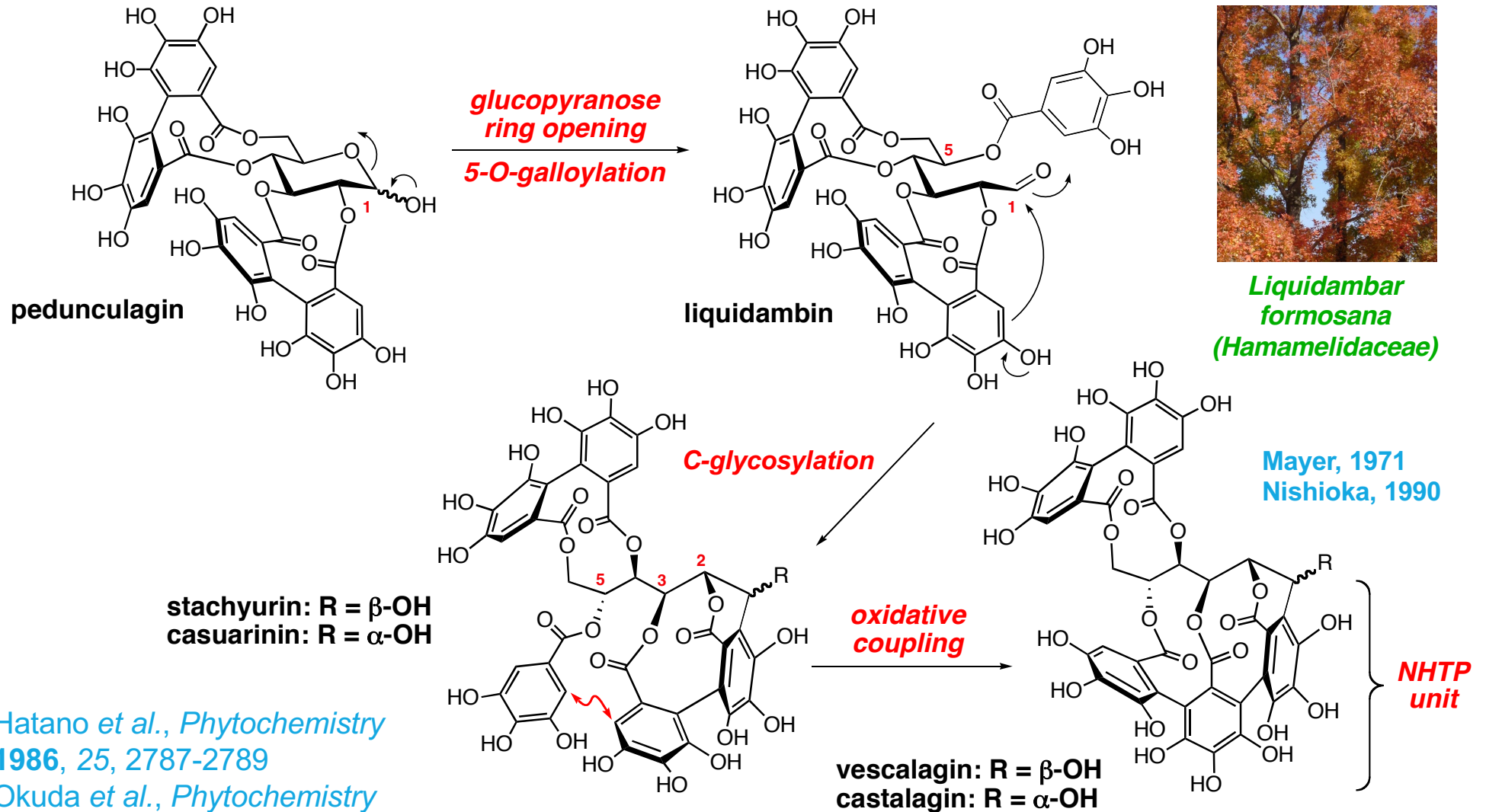
Courtesy from
Prof. Vincenzo Lattanzio

hydrophobic nature of its **planar aromatic nucleus**, combined with the **hydrophilic** character of its **polar hydroxy substituent**, render the phenol function **amphiphilic**, thus capable of both **hydrophobic (e.g., π -stacking) interactions** and **hydrogen bond formations with proteins**

Let's Go Back to the Ellagitannins !

C-Glucosidic Ellagitannins

In some plant species, an opening of the glucopyranose ring occurs, which is followed by an intramolecular C-glycosylation and further oxidative coupling leading to nonahydroxytriphenoyl (**NHTP**)-bearing ellagitannins.



Hatano *et al.*, *Phytochemistry*
1986, 25, 2787-2789
Okuda *et al.*, *Phytochemistry*
1987, 26, 2053-2055

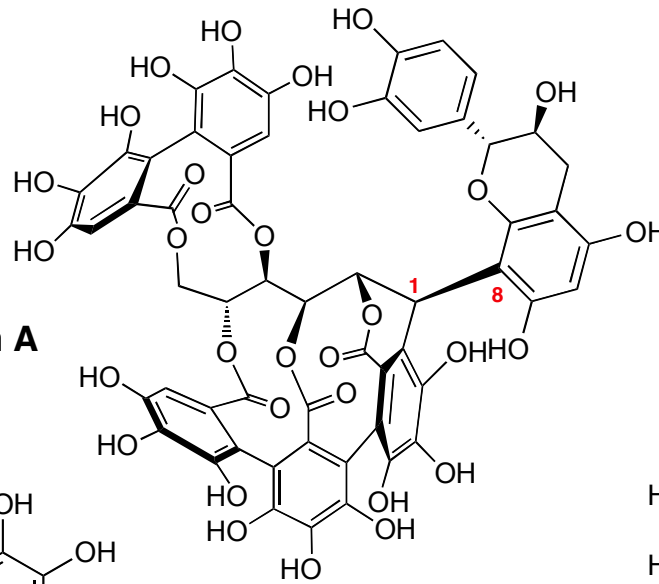
Flavano-ellagitannins

Ishimaru, Nonaka &
Nishioka, *Chem. Pharm.
Bull.*, **1987**, 35, 602-610

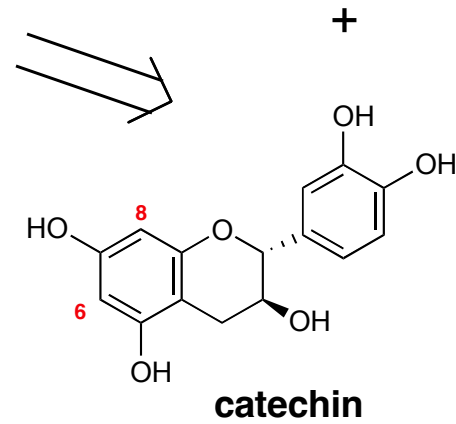
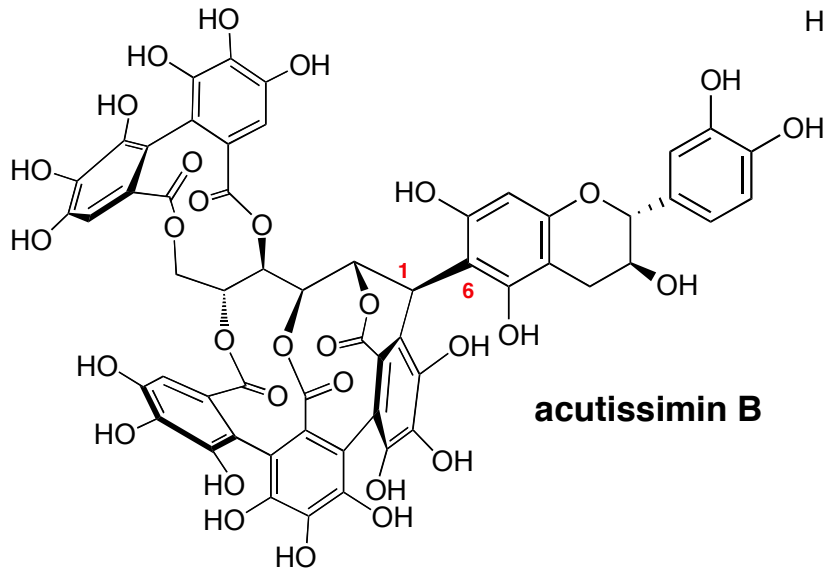


**Bark of Quercus
acutissima (Fagaceae)**

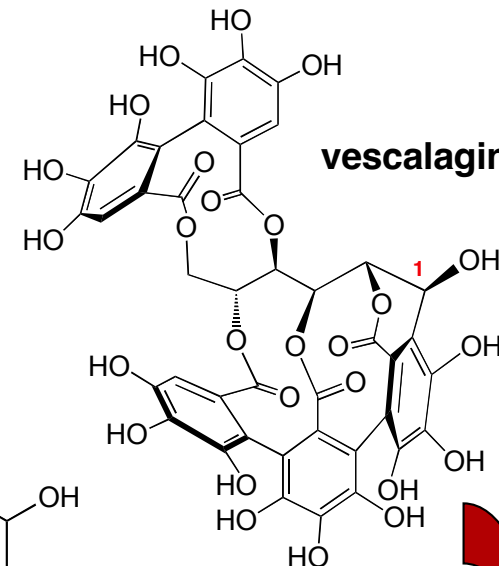
acutissimin A



acutissimin B



vescalagin



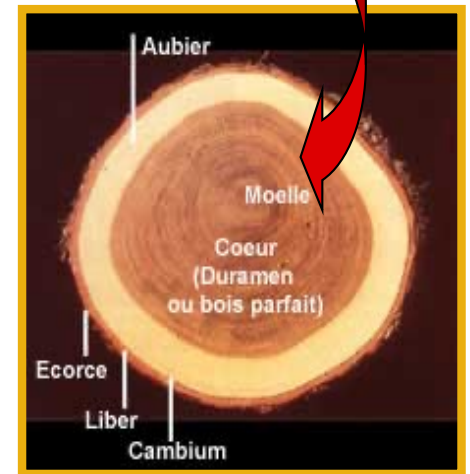
Quercus alba

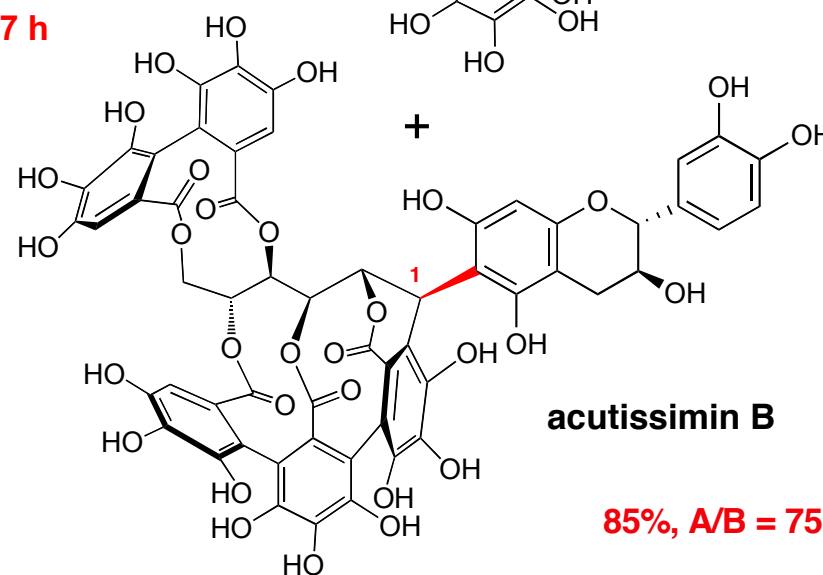
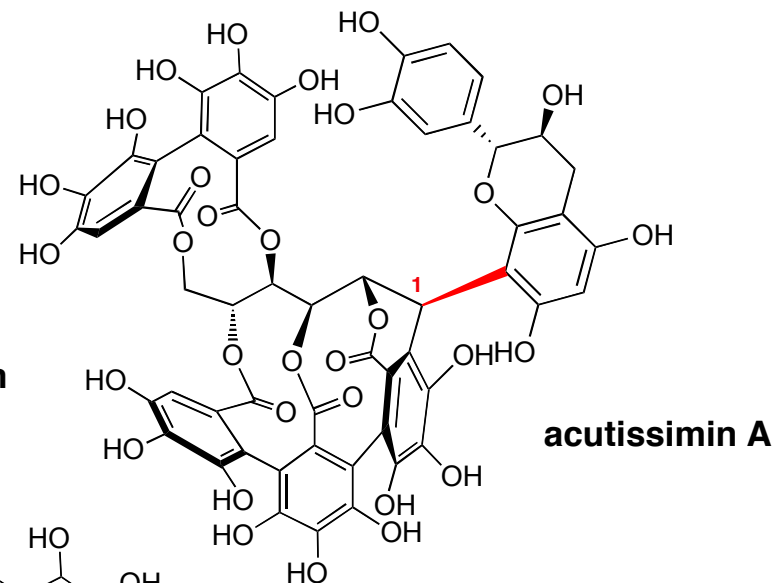
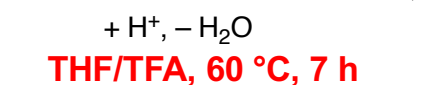
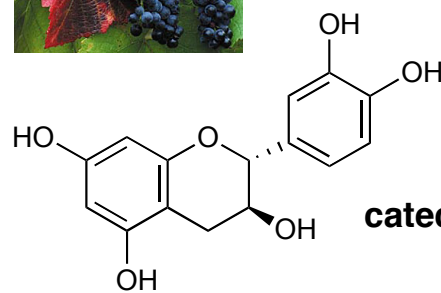
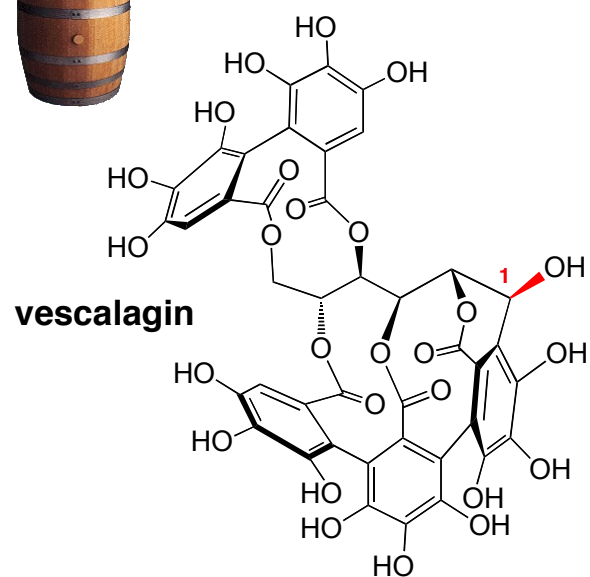


Quercus petraea



Quercus robur



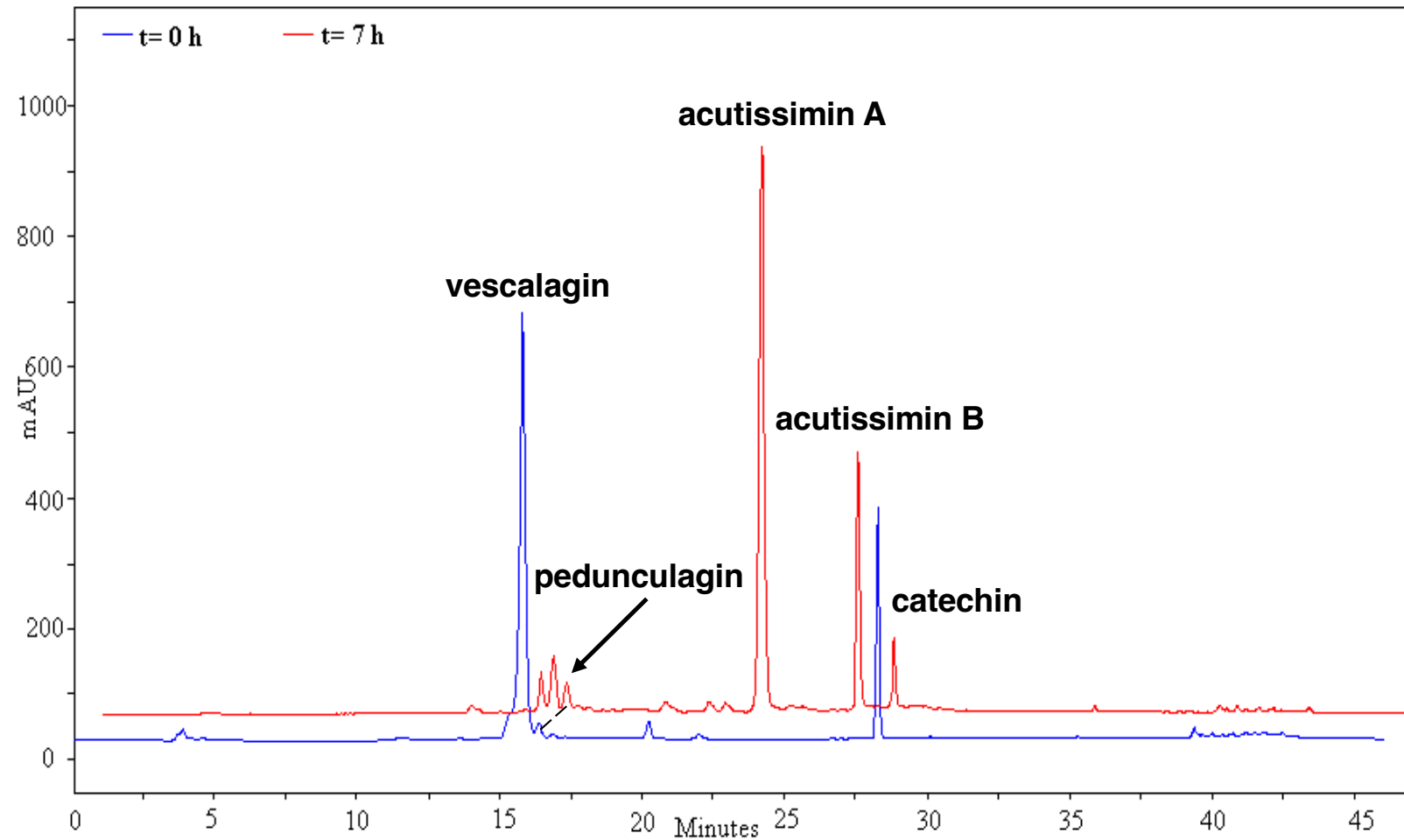


retention of configuration at C-1 !



85%, A/B = 75:25

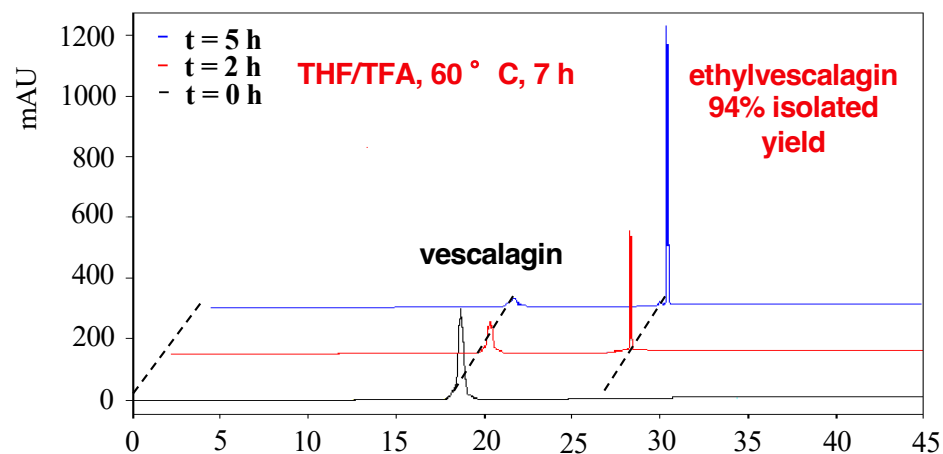
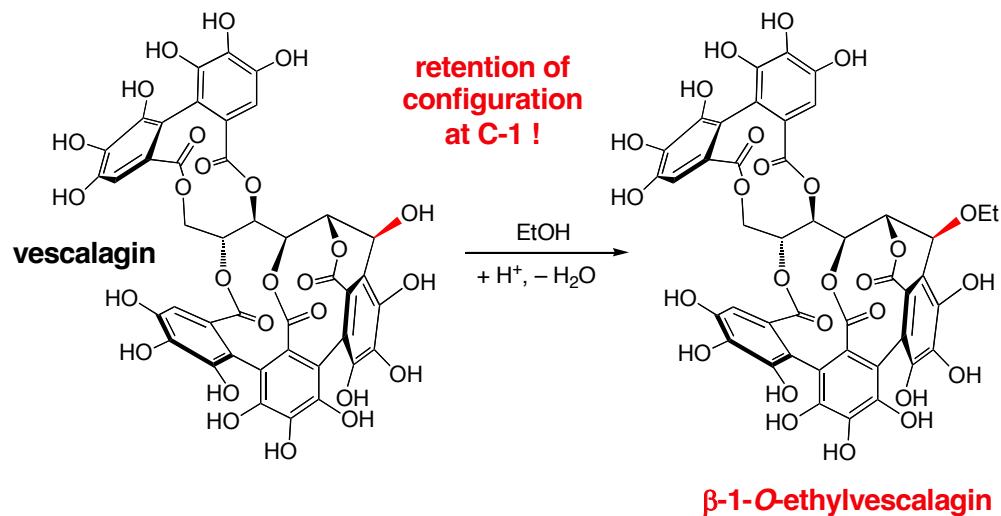
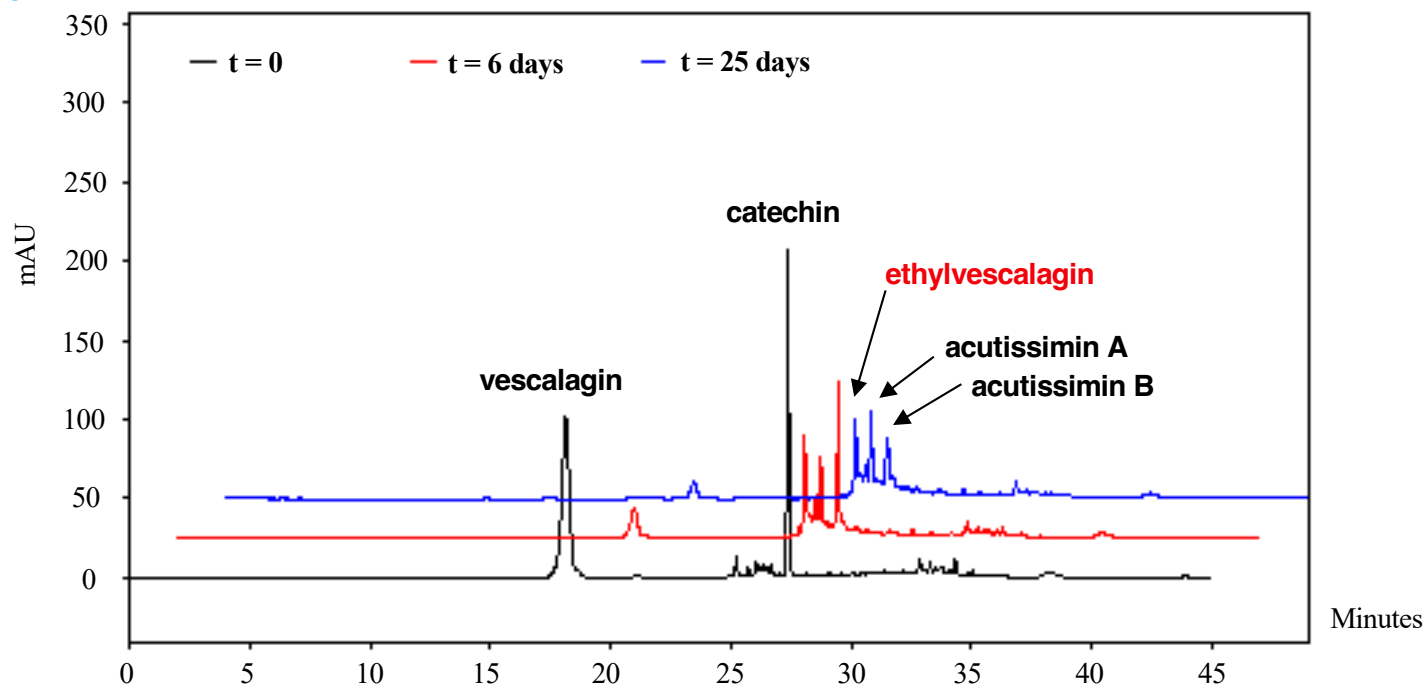
HPLC Monitoring of Acutissimins Formation in an Acidic Organic Solution (THF, 1% TFA, 60 °C)



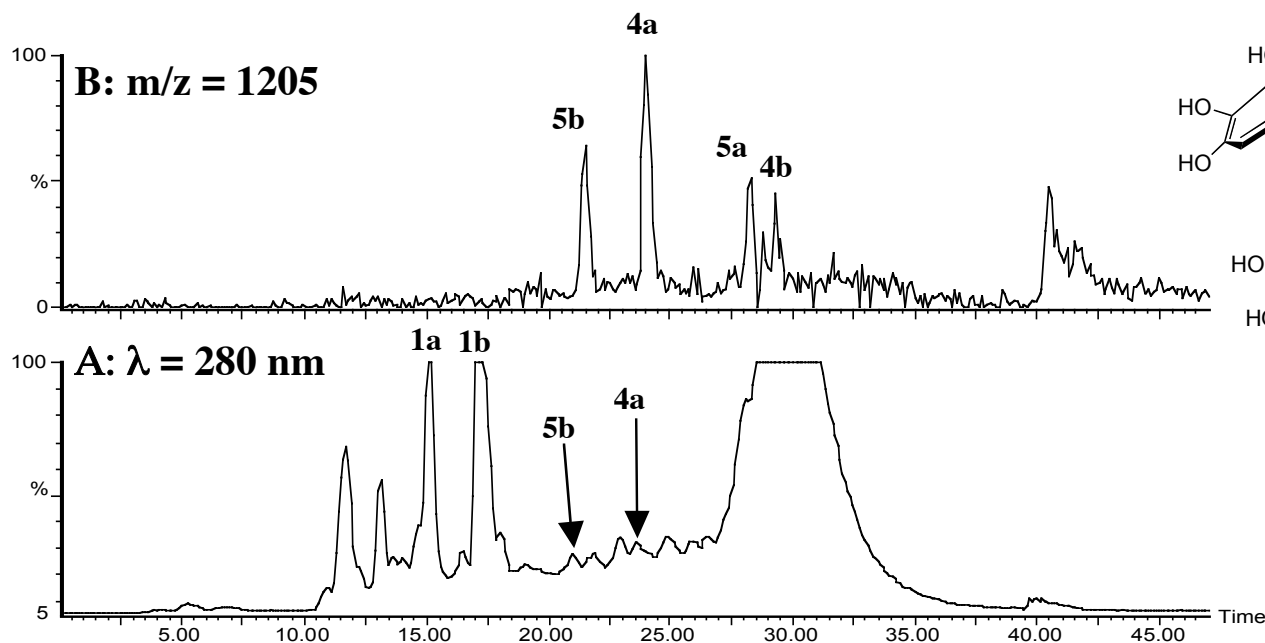
HPLC Monitoring of Acutissimins Formation in a Wine Model Solution

(12% aq. EtOH, 5g/l tartaric acid, pH 3.2)

Chem. Eur. J.
2005, 11, 6503-
6513



Identification and Quantification of “Acutissimins” in Red Wine Aged in Oak Barrels



HPLC-ESI-MS profiles of a partially purified sample of red wine aged in oak barrels for 18 months :

A: UV detection at 280 nm

B: selective ion trace chromatogram ($m/z = 1205$, negative mode)

1a: vescalagin (2 mg/L), 1b: castalagin (8 mg/L)

4a: acutissimin A (0.4 mg/L), 4b: acutissimin B (0.28 mg/L)

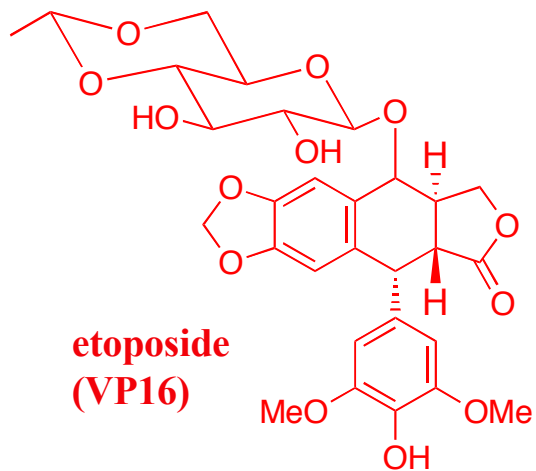
5a: epiacutissimin A (0.30 mg/L), 5b: epiacutissimin B (0.35 mg/L)



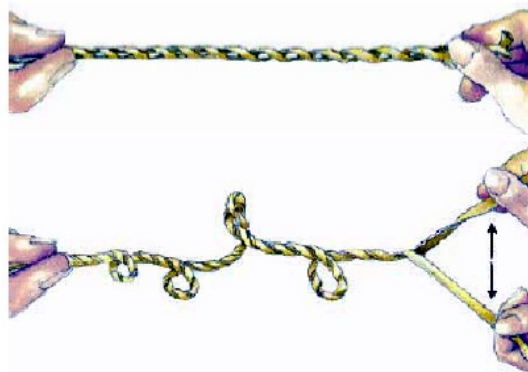
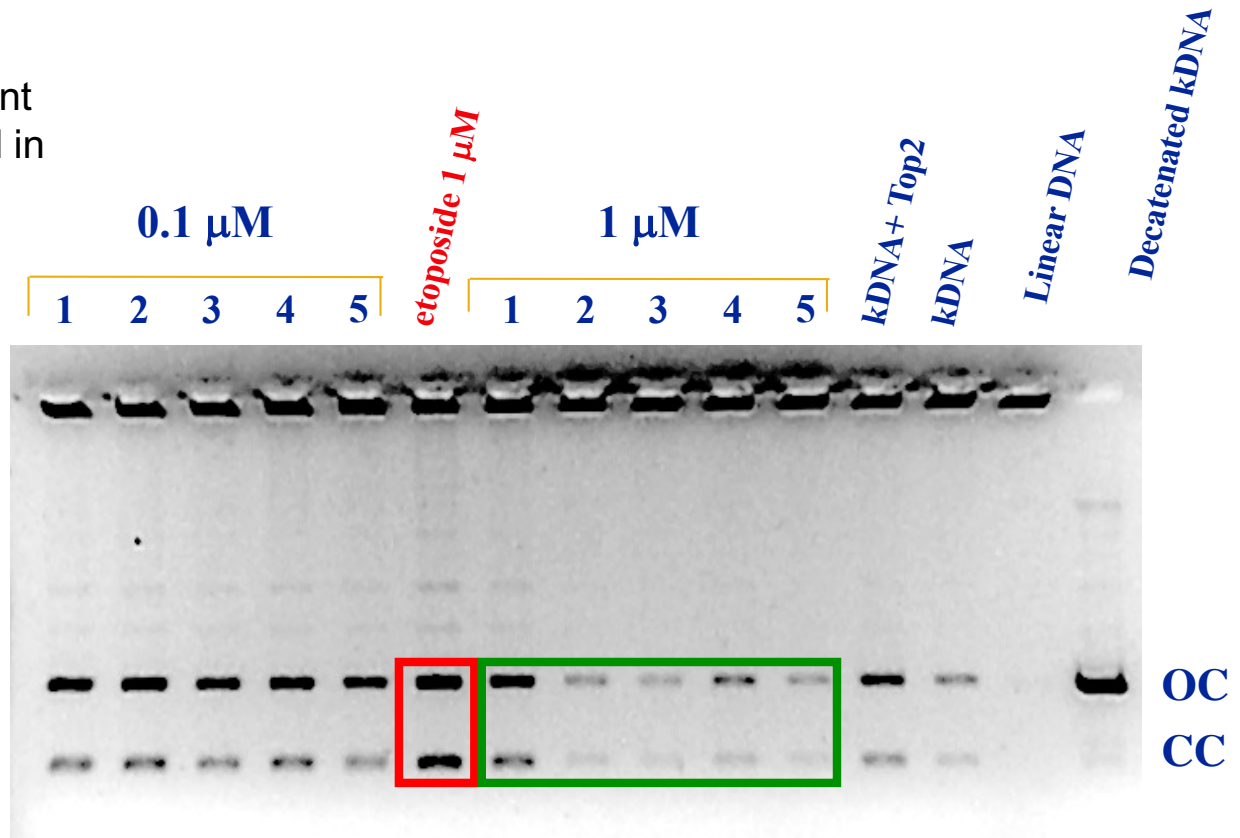
Inhibition of Human DNA Topoisomerase II

C-glucosidic ellagitannins and their hybrids found and formed during the aging of wines in oak barrels are potent inhibitors of top2, an enzyme targeted in current anticancer chemotherapeutic strategies !

See: Kashiwada *et al.*, *J. Pharm. Sci.* **1993**, 82, 487-492



Chem. Eur. J. **2005**, 11, 6503-6513
Mol. Pharmacol. **2012**, 82, 134-141
Patent WO2007/003741-A2

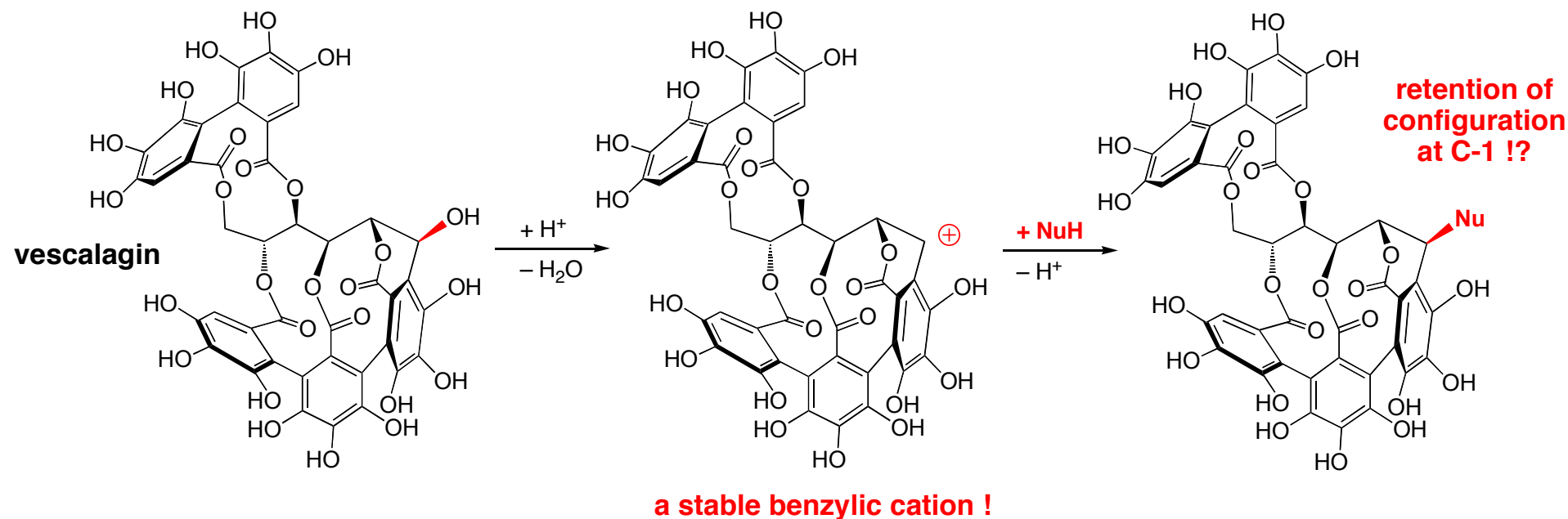


	1 μM	10 μM
etoposide	3.7	6.5
ethylvescaline	49.3	66.2
acutissimin A	89.2	96.3
acutissimin B	78.8	94.5
epiacutissimin A	72.6	83.3
epiacutissimin B	74.3	97.5
vescalin	95.5	100 !!!
vescalene	78.8	97.3



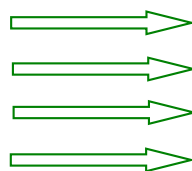
Michael Jourdes

How does it work ? Simply by an Acid-catalyzed S_N1 -type Reaction ! This Mechanism is General...



NuH :

catechin via its carbon 8 or 6
epicatechin via its carbon 8 or 6
ethanol
any NuH species !

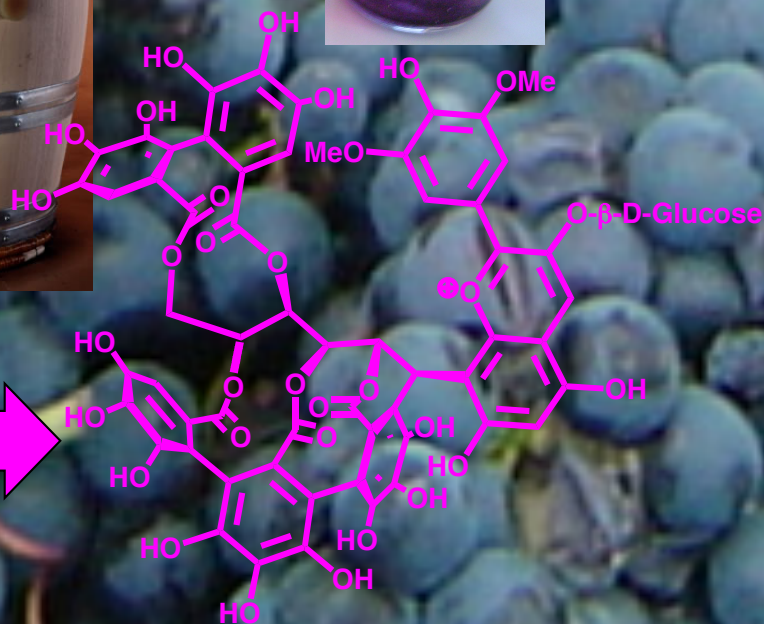
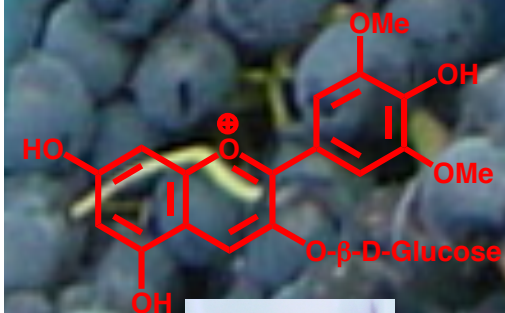


acutissimin A and B
epiacutissimin A and B
 β -1-O-ethylvescalagin
other vescalagin derivatives...

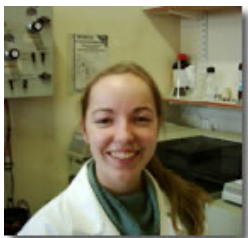
Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2003**, *42*, 6012-6014
Chem. Eur. J. **2005**, *11*, 6503-6513

When wine meets oak...

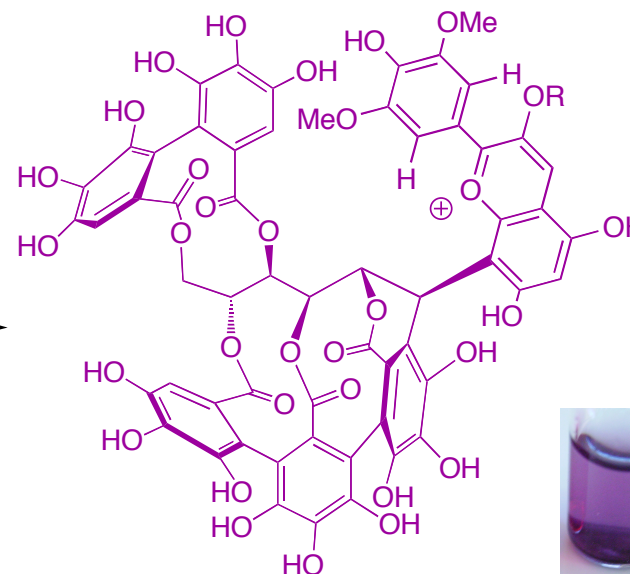
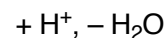
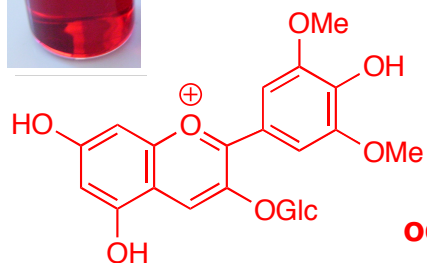
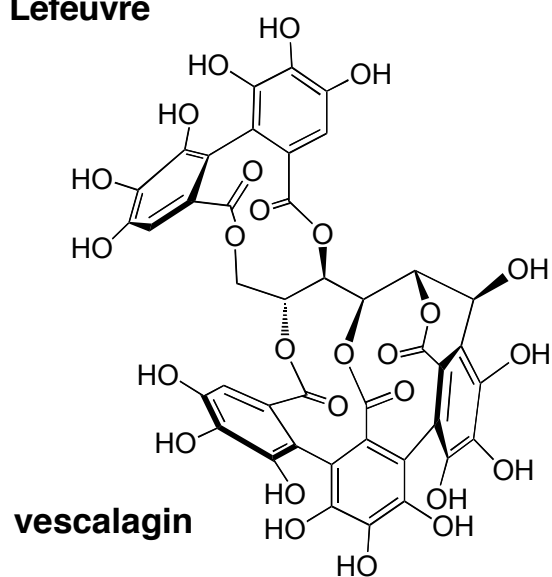
e Guideau, Ph.D., Prof.



Hemisynthesis of a Novel Anthocyano- Ellagitannin Pigment



Dorothee
Lefeuve

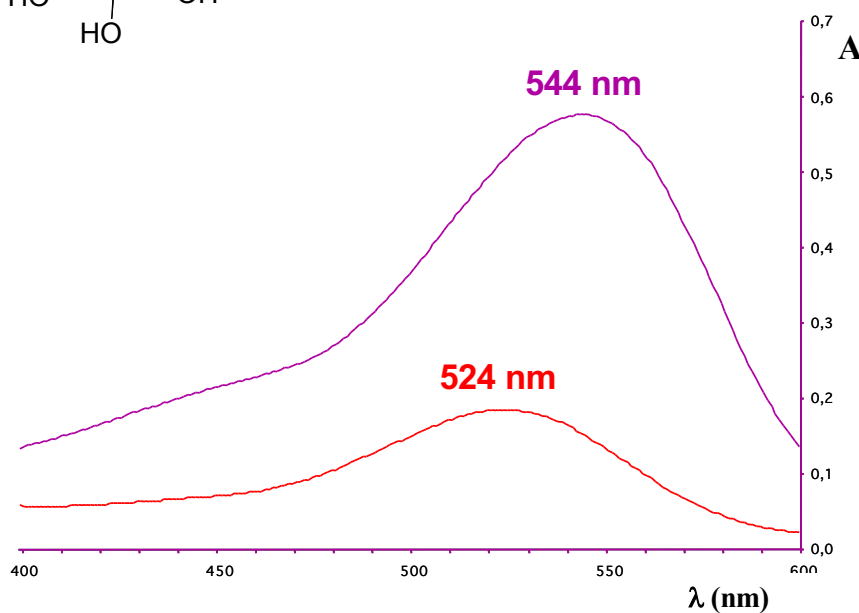


3%
isolated by
semi-prep HPLC

Chem. Eur. J. **2005**, *11*, 6503-6513
Eur. J. Org. Chem. **2010**, 55-63



Rémi Jacquet





Metal-Assisted Oxidation
 C. Limberg

Protein Design
 J. H. van Maarseveen, J. W. Back

Nanotubes
 M. Burghard

ACIEFS 42 (48) 5900-6158 (2003) · ISSN 1433-7851 · Vol. 42 · No. 48 · Dezember 15, 2003

INDEX ISSUE
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Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2003**, *42*, 6012-6014

Chem. Eur. J. **2005**, *11*, 6503-6513

Eur. J. Org. Chem. **2010**, 55-63

See also:

Borman, S. Anticancer Agents Found in Aged Wine. *Chemical & Engineering News*, **2005**, October 31, 36



CHEMISTRY
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11/22

2005



Concept

Motility of Catalytic Nanoparticles through Self-Generated Forces
 T. E. Mallouk, A. Sen, and W. F. Paxton

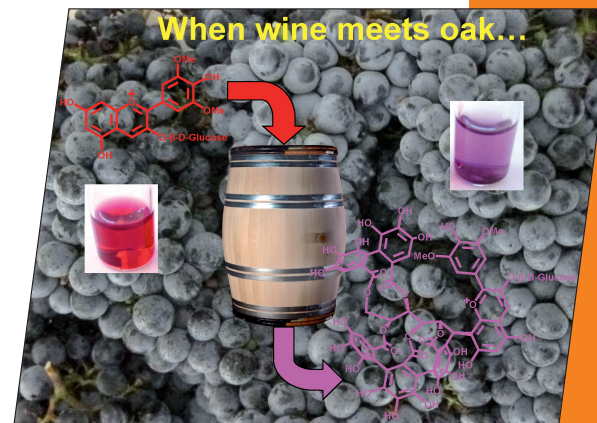
WILEY-VCH

CEUJED 11 (22) 6449-6772 (2005) · ISSN 0947-6539 · Vol. 11 · No. 22 · November 4, 2005



www.chemeurj.org

[oa]
 Eur. J. Org. Chem., 2010, 1-304



Cover Picture

Olivier Dangles, Stéphane Quideau et al.
 Influence of Oak C-Glycosidic Ellagitannins on Wine Color

Microreview

Mitchell P. Croatt and Paul A. Wender
 Metal-Catalyzed [2+2+1] Cycloaddition Reactions

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EJOCFK (1) 1-204 (2010) · ISSN 1434-193X · No. 1/2010

A Journal of

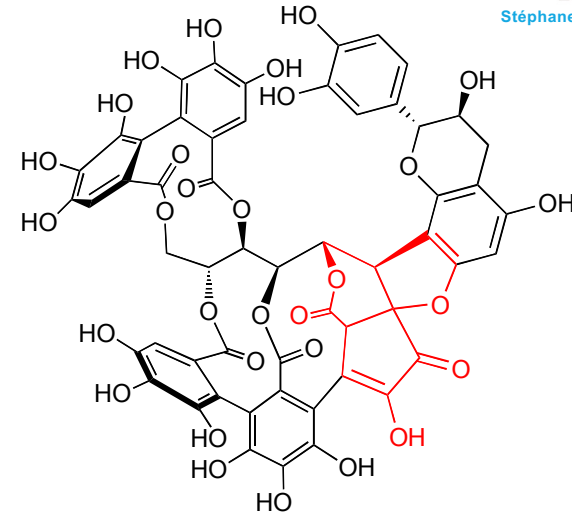


In his 2010 EurJOC editorial, Haymo Ross suggested:

« Let's raise a glass of fine Bordeaux (instead of Champagne) to the New Year 2010! »

The Secrets of Bacchus...

**Something Else Is
Going On...**

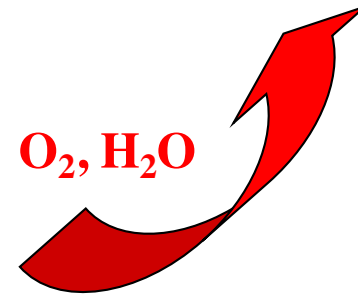


mongolicain A

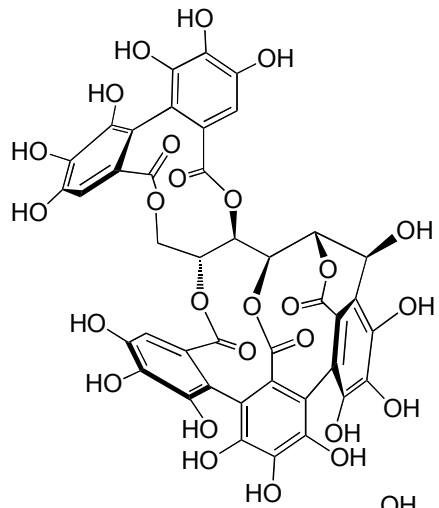


*Quercus
mongolica*
Jap. Mizunara

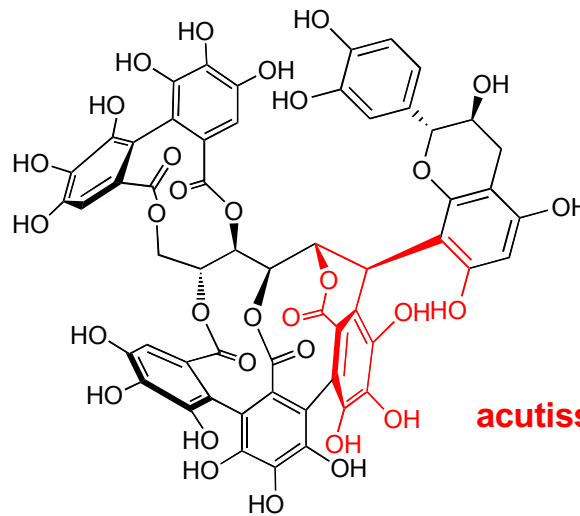
O₂, H₂O



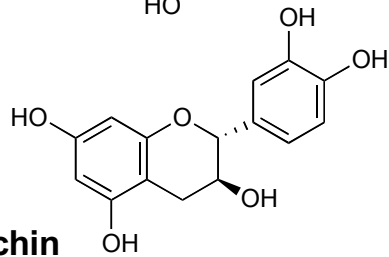
*Quercus
acutissima*
Jap. Kunugi



vescalagin



acutissimin A

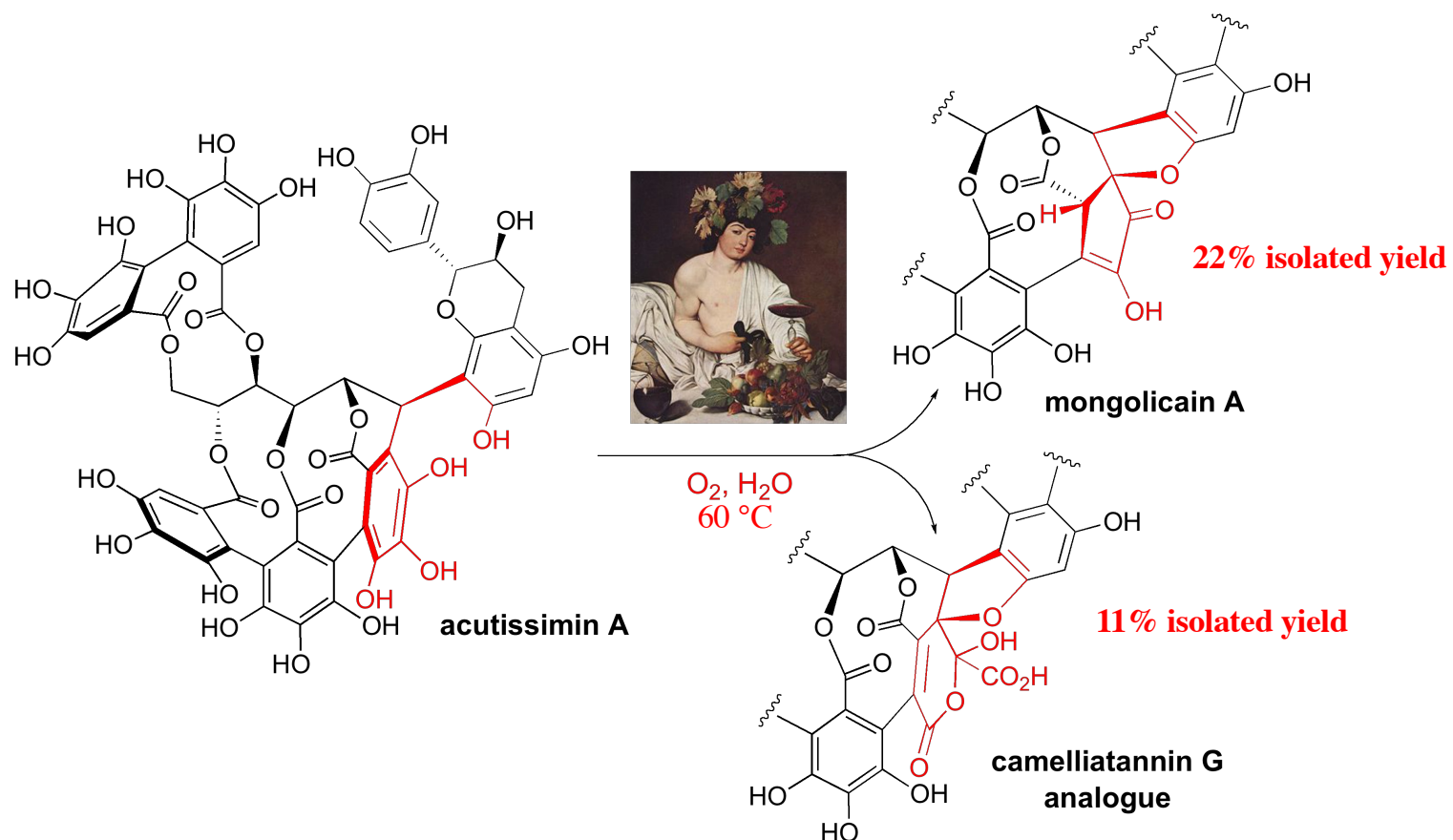


catechin



Remarkable Biomimetic Chemoselective Aerobic Oxidation of Oak Found-in-Wine Flavano-Ellagitannins

When chemistry is run under the auspices of Bacchus...



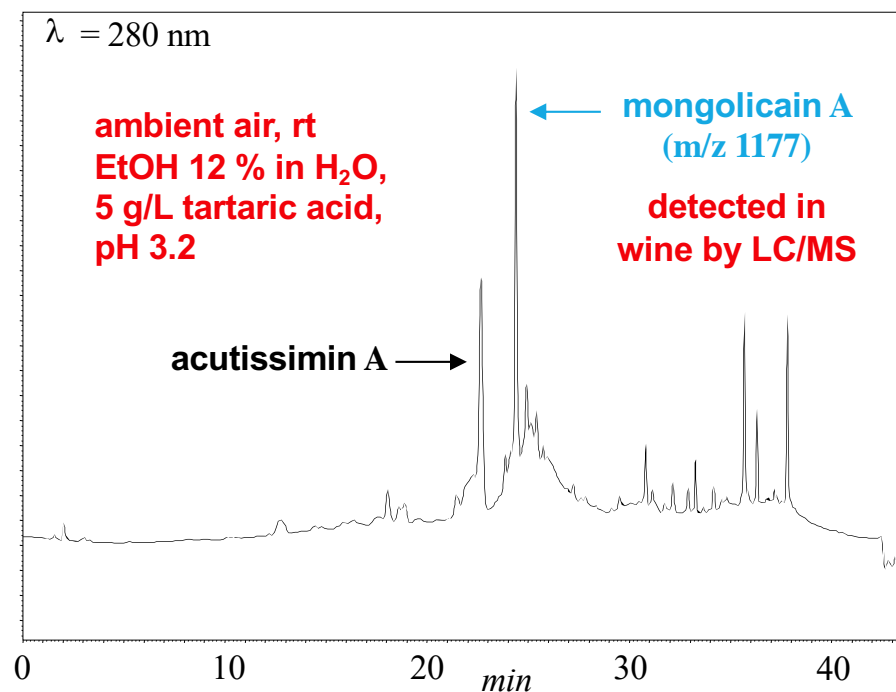
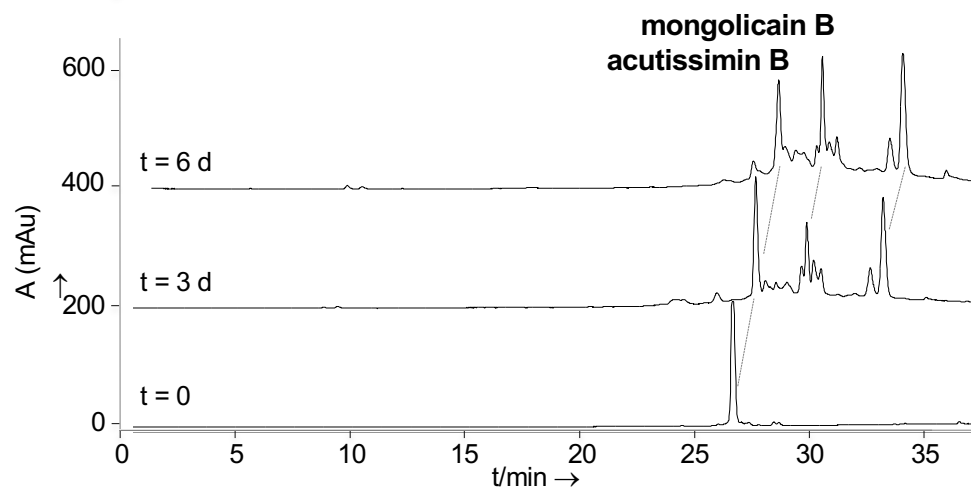
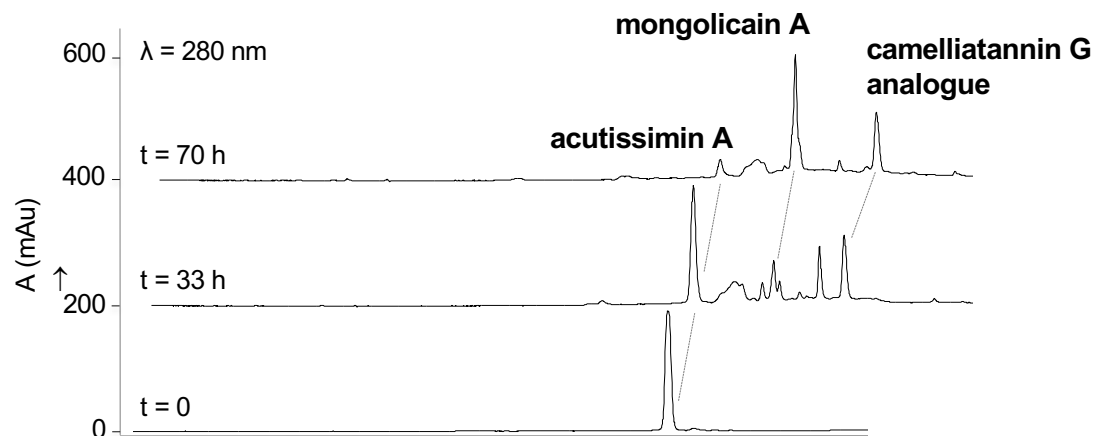
Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2013**, *52*, 11530-11533

HPLC Monitoring of the Aerobic Oxidation of Acutissimins into Mongolicains and Camelliatannin G Analogues

[H₂O, O₂ (air), 60 °C]



Emilie
Petit



Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2013, 52, 11530-11533

Vescalagin selectively binds filamentous actin in cellulo...

BAE cells transfected with actin-GFP

Control :

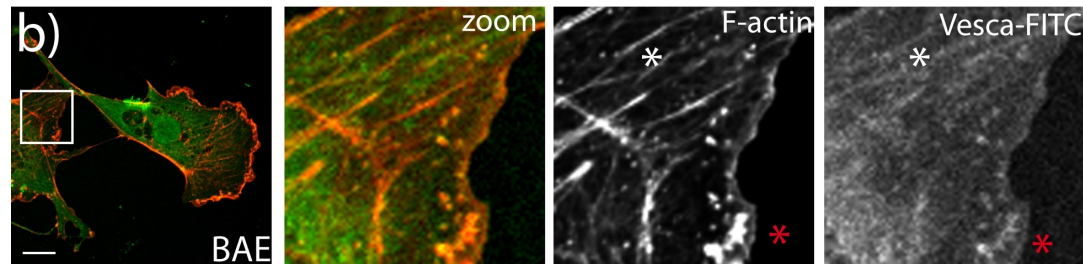
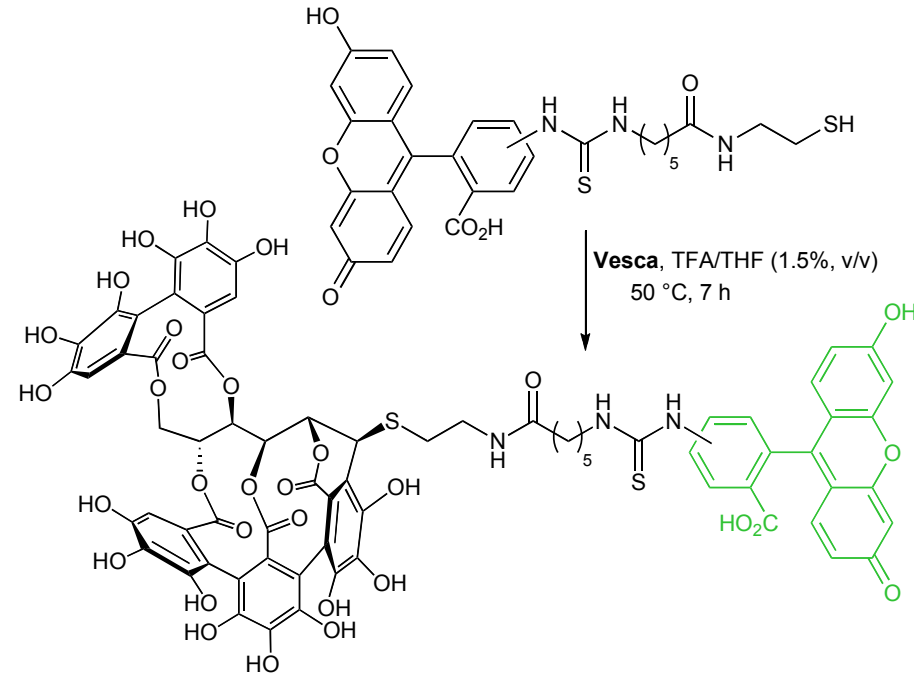
- Stack of 32 images
- 1 image every 37,87 sec.
- field approx 180 X 180 μm .

Actin-568 in G buffer actin

+

Vescalagin 100 μM

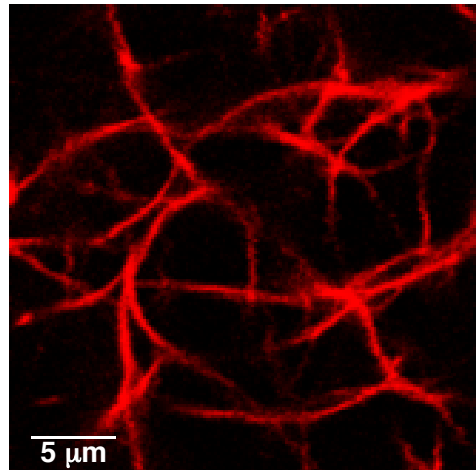
- Stack of 20 images
- 1 image every 37,439 sec.
- field approx 29 X 29 μm .



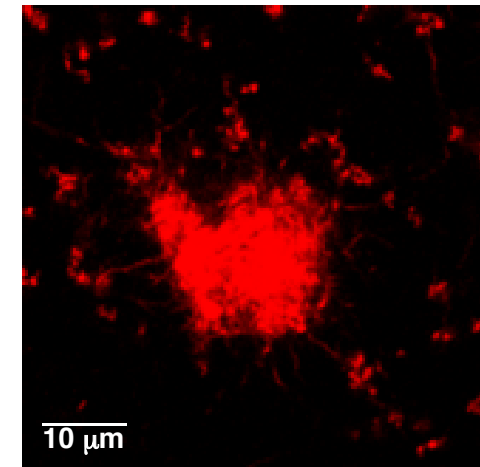
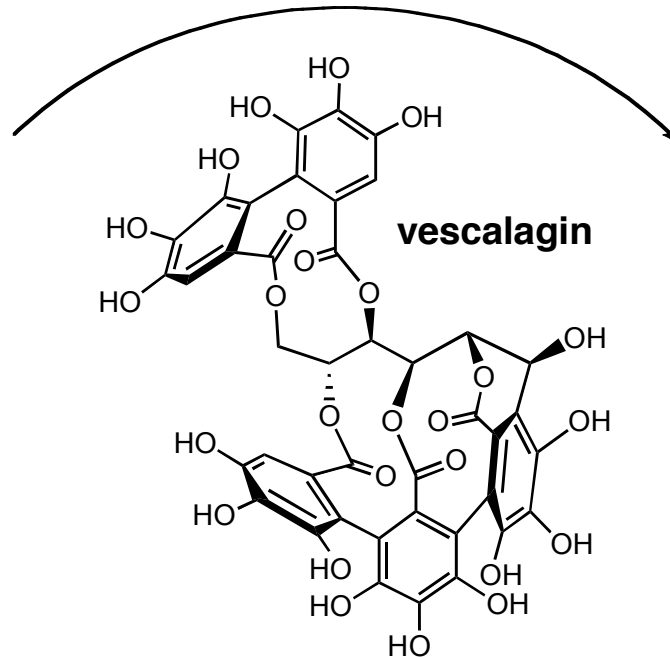
... and winds it into fibrillar aggregates !

Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2011**, *50*, 5099-5104
Patent EP11305186

Vescalagin: a New Anti-Actin Agent !



F-actin
in vitro



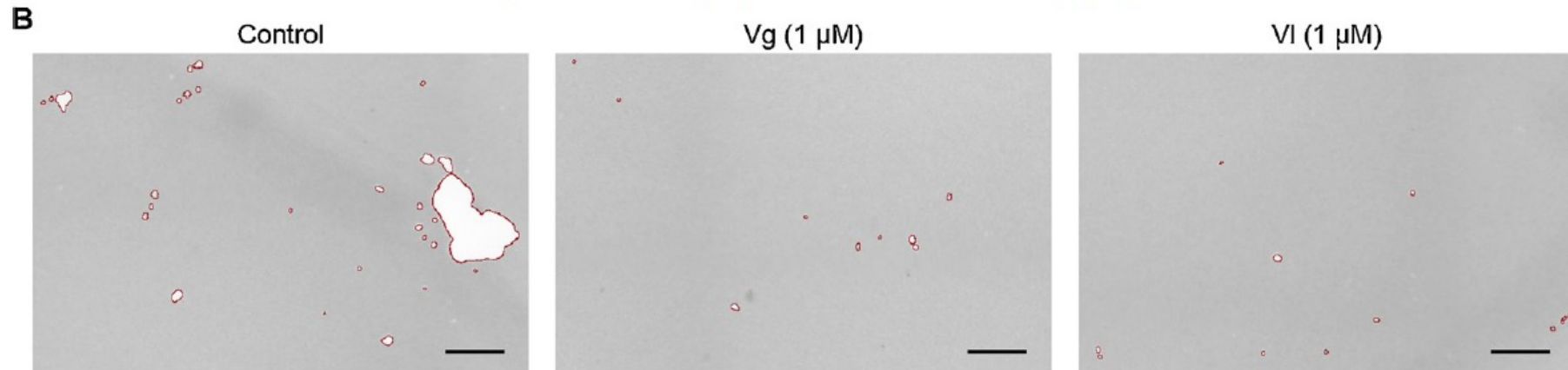
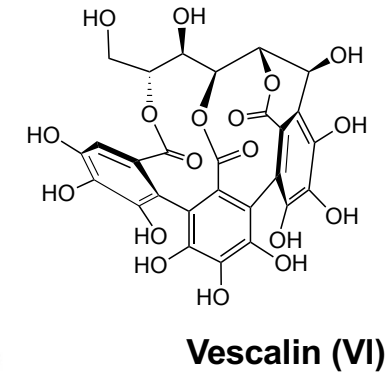
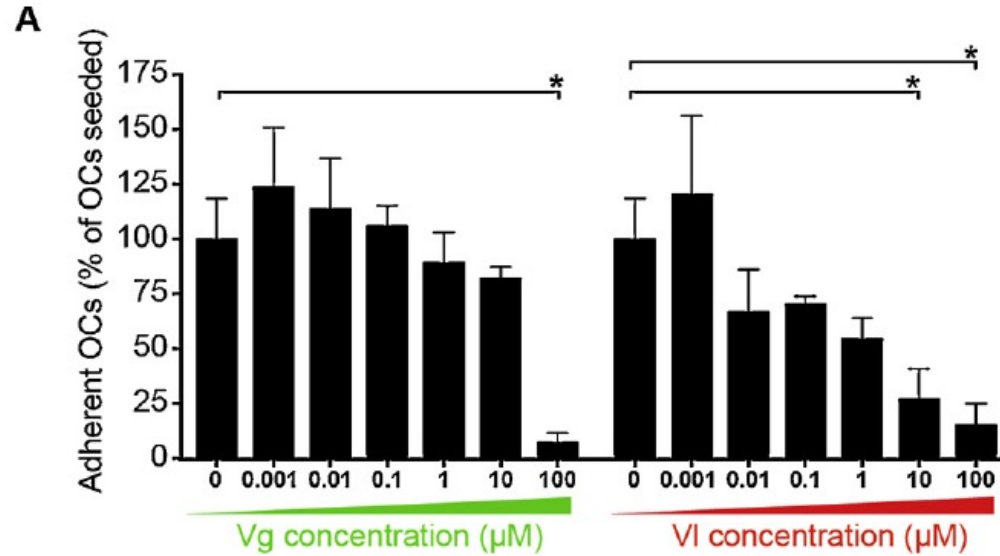
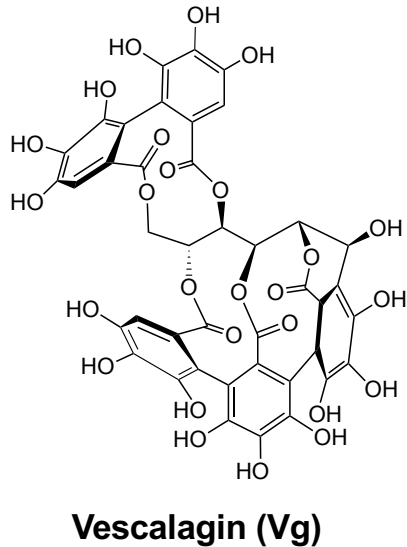
BAE cells transfected with actin-GFP

Control :

- Stack of 48 images
- 1 image every 37,75 sec.
- field approx 128 X 128 μm.

Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2011**, *50*, 5099-5104
Patent EP11305186

Vescalagin and vescalin disturb *de novo* osteoclast (OC) adhesion and inhibit matrix resorption activity without affecting OC survival...



Micrographs showing the bone-mimicking mineralized matrix (grey) after OC resorption in the presence of control, 1 μM Vg or 1 μM VI. The red line contours the extent of the degraded (absent) mineralized matrix. Scale bar = 100 μm.

Natural Products

DOI: 10.1002/anie.201000044

Plant Polyphenols: Chemical Properties, Biological Activities, and Synthesis**

Stéphane Quideau,* Denis Deffieux, Céline Douat-Casassus, and Laurent Pouységu

Keywords:
antioxidants · biological activity ·
natural products · polyphenols ·
total synthesis

Dedicated to Professor Edwin Haslam

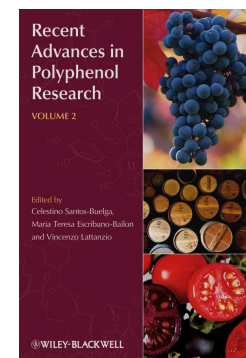


Angewandte
Chemie

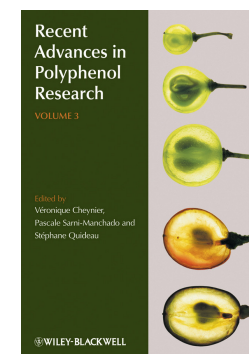
Recent Advances in Polyphenol Research



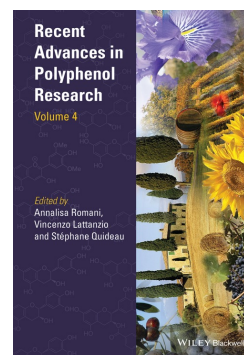
Vol. 1



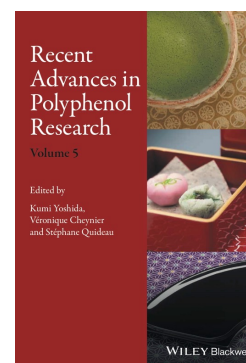
Vol. 2



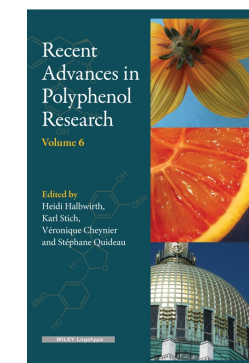
Vol. 3



Vol. 4



Vol. 5



Vol. 6

Released in 2009 !



Chemistry and Biology of Ellagitannins

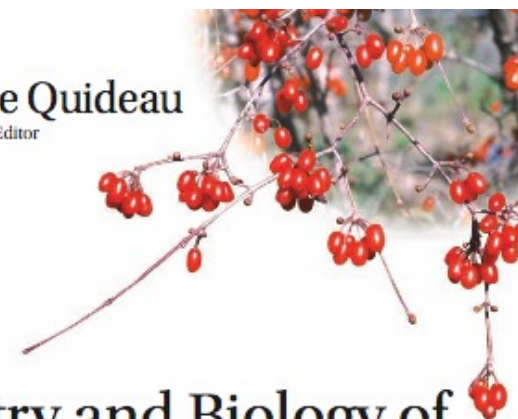
An Underestimated Class of
Bioactive Plant Polyphenols

This book is the first of its kind to focus on the chemistry and biology of ellagitannins, a special class of naturally occurring polyphenols that have so far not received the attention they deserve. These polyphenolic substances are found in many plants, including numerous food sources. They exhibit unique structural features and express remarkable biological activities, but have yet to attract the general interest of the pharmaceutical industry. This is surprising considering that ellagitannins have been identified as active principles in traditional Asian medicines.

The principal aim of this book is to set the record straight. Most, if not all, worldwide experts in each aspect of the chemistry and biology of this underestimated class of natural products have contributed to this book. Beginning with a foreword written by one of the pioneers in modern polyphenol research, Professor Edwin Haslam, it covers topics such as the structural determination and natural occurrence of ellagitannins, the most up-to-date knowledge of their biosynthesis, the current state of the art of their total chemical synthesis, their main physicochemical properties and principal biological activities, their presence in food and beverages, and their related health effects. This book will be useful not only to scientists involved in natural product research, but also to lecturers and their students as a source of key references and/or a textbook.

Chemistry and Biology of Ellagitannins
An Underestimated Class of Bioactive Plant Polyphenols

Stéphane Quideau
Editor



Chemistry and Biology of Ellagitannins

An Underestimated Class of
Bioactive Plant Polyphenols



Quideau



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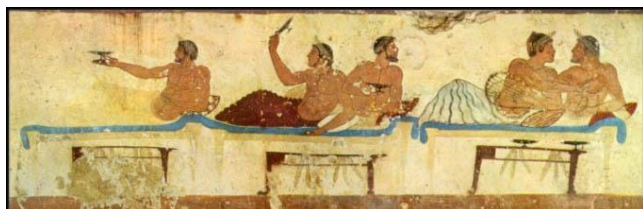


World Scientific

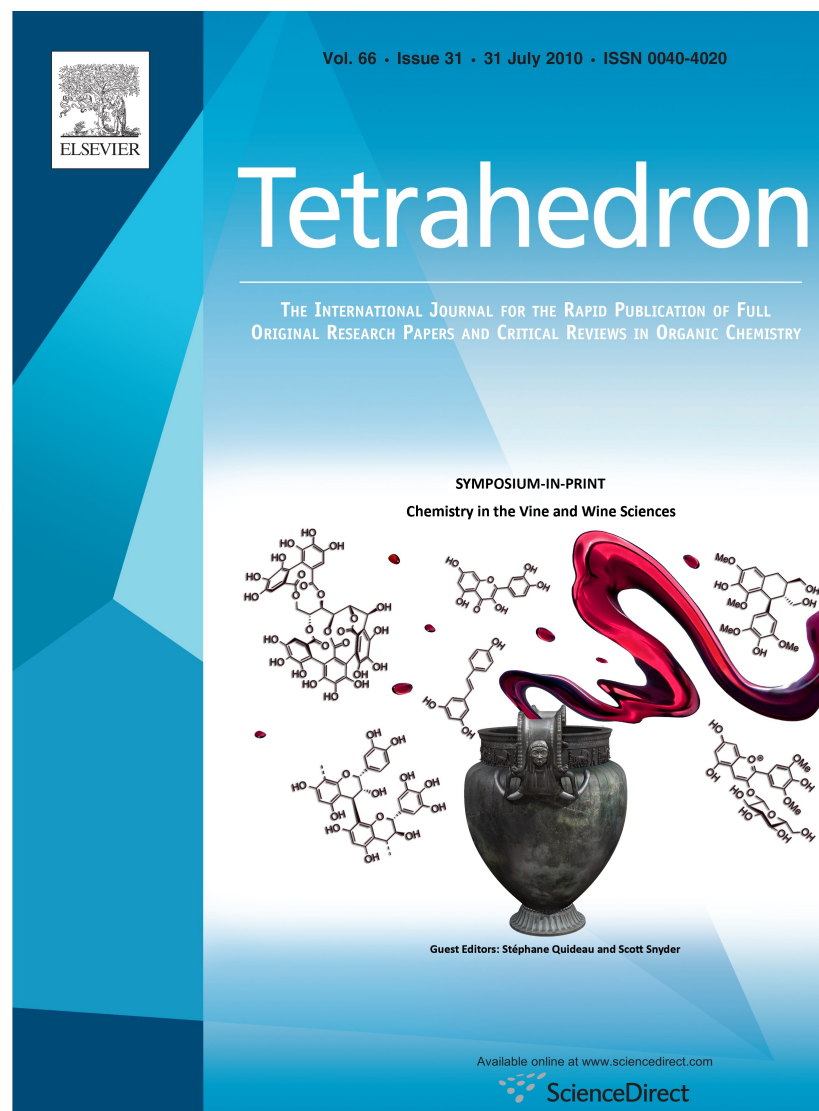
Tetrahedron Symposium-in-Print

Chemistry in the Vine and Wine Sciences

université
de BORDEAUX
Stéphane Quideau, Ph.D., Prof.



Preface. In *Chemistry in the Vine and Wine Sciences*, Quideau, S., Snyder, S. A., Eds; Tetrahedron Symposium-in-Print, *Tetrahedron*, **2015**, *71*, 2969-2970.



Acknowledgements

Permanent Staff

Dr Denis Deffieux (PR2)
Dr Philippe Peixoto (CR)
Pr Laurent Pouységu (PR1)

Anaëlle Cornu (Tech)
Rémi Jacquet (Tech)

Postdocs

Dr Karl Kempf
Dr Rana Melhem

Dr Rajesh Nomula
Dr Emanuela Berni
Dr Supakarn Chamni
Dr Stefan Chassaing
Dr Sofiane Dairi
Dr Richard Edwards
Dr Neela Sudhakar
Dr Guillaume Viault
Dr Gloria Zedda

Engineer

Claire Lescoat (@ CBiB)

Technical Staff

Katell Bathany (MS)
Axelle Grelard (NMR)
Brice Kauffmann (RX)

Doctoral Students

Yoan Capello
Thomas Gigou
Oxana Kempf
Romain Larrieu
Tong Shen
Rongyu Sun
Emmanuel Valzer
Morgan Wloch

Dr Kevin Antien
Dr Cyril Bosset
Dr Hélène Carié
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Dr Aitor Lacambra
Dr Dorothée Lefeuvre
Dr Gaëlle Malik
Dr Anna Natangelo
Dr Emilie Petit
Dr Antoine Richieu
Dr Luis Rojas
Dr Tahiri Sylla
Dr Tien Dong Tran

Collaborators

Dr Thierry Buffeteau (ISM, Bordeaux)
Pr Frédéric Castet (ISM, Bordeaux)
Dr Stéphane Chaignepain (CBMN, Bordeaux)
Pr Isabelle Chataigner (COBRA, Rouen)
Pr Jaime Charris (UCV, Venezuela)
Dr Carmelo Di Primo (INSERM U869, Bordeaux)
Dr Elisabeth Génot (INSERM U889, Bordeaux)
Dr Alexis Groppi (CBiB, Bordeaux)
Pr Axel Marchal (ISVV, Bordeaux)
Dr Karinne Miqueu (IPREM, Pau)
Pr Jean-Pierre Monti (GESVAB, Bordeaux)
Dr Macha Nikolski (CBiB, Bordeaux)
Dr Philippe Pourquier (INSERM U916, Bordeaux)
Dr Jean-Marc Sotiropoulos (IPREM, Pau)



The Syntannists



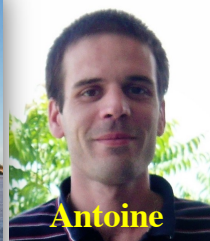
Rémi



Anaëlle



Romain



Antoine



Tahiri



Anna



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Philippe

The Polyphenolists



Tien



Hélène



Mélanie



Yoan



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The Syniodanists



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Morgan



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Kevin



Simon



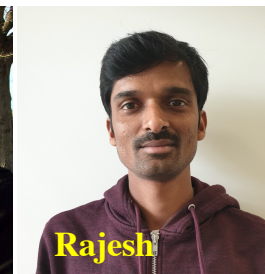
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Cyril



Romain

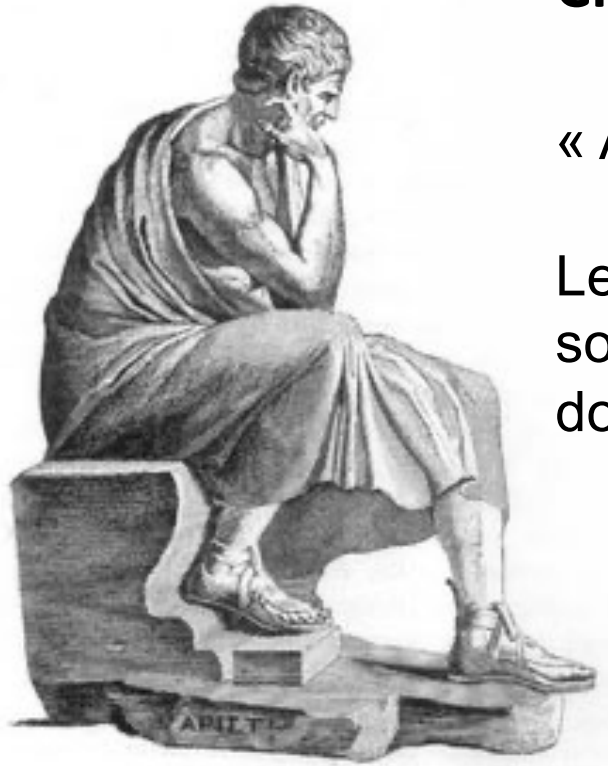


Rajesh



Rongyu

Critique du Relativisme de Protagoras



« Au sujet de la vérité...

Le même vin, soit parce qu' il aura changé lui-même, soit parce que notre corps aura changé, pourra paraître doux à tel moment, et, à tel autre moment, non-doux. »

Aristote, *Métaphysique*,
trad. Jean Tricot 1933, t. 1, Γ, 5, p. 146
(Librairie Philosophique J. Vrin, 1991)